

# UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAMME IN PSYCHOLOGY SYLLABUS

In accordance with

Curriculum Credit Framework for Under Graduate Programme (CCFUGP)

of

University Grants Commission (U.G.C)

under

National Education Policy (NEP)-2020





JUNE 17, 2023

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY

ASSAM WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

#### **PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE:**

The Present syllabus is designed for the B.A Undergraduate Programme in Psychology of Assam Women's University in accordance with the Curriculum and Credit Framework for Under Graduate Programme (CCFUGP) of University Grants Commission (UGC). It is designed to operationalise the goals enshrined in the New Education Policy 2020 (NEP 2020) as envisioned by the Ministry of Human Resource Development (MHRD), Govt. of India.

The present Undergraduate Psychology programme is aimed at providing an understanding of the growing discipline of Psychology and promoting skill based education. It seeks to do so by the dissemination of knowledge in a uniform and standardized manner in accordance to the UGC Guidelines.

The present U.G Programme not only offers opportunities and avenues to learn core subjects but also allows the exploration of additional avenues of learning beyond the core subjects for holistic development of an individual. This heralds the shift from teacher- centric to student-centric education where students may proactively pick and choose courses of their choice from diverse disciplines in line with individual interest and aptitude.

Moreover, the present Programme has been designed to incorporate the provisions enshrined in the vision of NEP 2020 to provide for facility of multiple entry and exit points in an academic programmes.

For instance, students, who wish to leave at the end of 1 year, after having completed the necessary credit requirements, will be awarded a certificate. Similarly, students wishing to exit at the end of 2 years, having completed the requisite credit requirement will be eligible for award of a Diploma, those who choose to exit at the end of 3 years, will be awarded a B.A Degree in Psychology. Among those who choose to pursue the programme until the 4<sup>th</sup> year will again have the option of whether or not to choose Dissertation work, provided they have secured at least 75% marks in the preceding three years. Those who decide to pursue Dissertation/research project during their 4<sup>th</sup> year will accordingly be awarded a B.A (Hons. With Research) Degree in Psychology, whereas those who opt out of Dissertation work in favour of other Courses will be awarded B.A (Hons.) Degree in Psychology. Thus, the programme, when implemented in its proper spirit, has the potential to create new possibilities for students to customize their learning programme in tandem with individual needs, even retaining the provision to migrate between Institutions as per their circumstances and needs. The new curriculum framework will have the following features:

- 1. Flexibility to move from one discipline of study to another
- 2. Opportunity for learners to choose the courses of their interest in all disciplines
- 3. Facilitating multiple entry and exit options with UG certificate/ UG diploma/ or degree depending upon the number of credits secured
- 4. Flexibility for learners to move from one institution to another to enable them to have multi and/or interdisciplinary learning
- 5. Flexibility to switch to alternative modes of learning (offline, ODL, and Online learning, and hybrid modes of learning)

#### **PROGRAMME OUTCOME:**

The National Higher Education Qualifications Framework (NHEQF) envisages that students must possess the quality and characteristics of the graduate of a programme of study, including learning outcomes relating to the disciplinary area(s) in the chosen field(s) of learning and generic learning outcomes that are expected to be acquired by a graduate on completion of the programme(s) of study. The graduate attributes include capabilities that help broaden the current knowledge base and skills, gain and apply new knowledge and skills, undertake future studies independently, perform well in a chosen career, and play a constructive role as a responsible citizen in society. Graduate attributes are fostered through meaningful learning experiences made available through the curriculum and learning experience, the total college/university experience, and a process of critical and reflective thinking. Graduate attributes include learning outcomes that are specific to disciplinary areas relating to the chosen field(s) of learning within broad multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary/ transdisciplinary contexts and generic learning outcomes that graduates of all programmes of study should acquire and demonstrate.

- 1. With respect to Disciplinary and interdisciplinary areas of learning, Graduates should be able to demonstrate
  - Comprehensive knowledge and coherent understanding of the chosen disciplinary/interdisciplinary areas of study in a broad multidisciplinary context, their different learning areas, their linkages with related fields of study, and current and emerging developments associated with the chosen disciplinary/interdisciplinary areas of learning.
  - ii. Practical, professional, and procedural knowledge required for carrying out professional or highly skilled work/tasks related to the chosen field(s) of learning, including knowledge required for undertaking self-employment initiatives, and knowledge and mind set required for entrepreneurship involving enterprise creation, improved product development, or a new mode of organization.
  - iii. Skills in areas related to specialization in the chosen disciplinary/interdisciplinary area(s) of learning in a broad multidisciplinary context, including wide-ranging practical skills, involving variable routine and non-routine contexts relating to the chosen field(s) of learning.
  - iv. Capacity to extrapolate from what has been learned, translate concepts to real-life situations and apply acquired competencies in new/unfamiliar contexts, rather than merely replicate curriculum content knowledge, to generate solutions to specific problems.
- 2. With respect to Generic Learning Outcomes, students should be able to demonstrate:

VVILIII	espect to deficite Learning Outcomes, student	.s siluulu	be able to dellibristrate.
i.	Complex problem solving	xi.	Multicultural competence and
ii.	Critical thinking		inclusive spirit
iii.	Creativity	xii.	Value inculcation
iv.	Communication skills	xiii.	Autonomy, Responsibility and
v.	Analytic reasoning		Accountability
vi.	Research related Skills	xiv.	<b>Environmental Awareness and</b>
vii.	Coordinating/Collaborating		Action
	with others	XV.	Community Engagement and
viii.	Leadership readiness/qualities		Service
ix.	Learning how to learn skills	xvi.	Empathy
х.	Digital and technological skills		

#### **KEY TERMINOLOGIES: TABLE 01**

Sr. No.	KEY CONCEPTS	DEFINITION AND DESCRIPTION
1.	ACADEMIC YEAR	An Academic year is divided into two semesters vis a vis an ODD semester followed by an EVEN semester.
2.	SEMESTER	Each semester comprises of about 15 weeks of academic work. The ODD semester usually begins in August and ends in December of that year. The EVEN semester begins in February and ends in June of that year.
3.	PROGRAMME	Programme refers to a composite period of academic training spanning across eight semesters, culminating in a Degree upon successful completion. Programme in the context of this document refers specifically to the Undergraduate (Honours) Programm in Psychology {B.A. (Hons.)} and Undergraduate (Honours with Research) Programme i Psychology {B.A. (Hons. With Res.)}.
		However, the highlight of the present programme is the flexibility it accords to student with respect to multiple entry and exit points. More specifically, depending on circumstance, a student is allowed to exit the programme at following stages:
		<ul> <li>i. Students exiting the programme at the end of 1<sup>st</sup> year will be awarded a "Certificate" on successful completion of required criteria for the same.</li> <li>ii. Students exiting the programme at the end of 2<sup>nd</sup> year will be awarded a "Diploma" on successful completion of required criteria for the same.</li> <li>iii. Students exiting the programme at the end of 3<sup>rd</sup> year will be awarded a "B.A Degree" on successful completion of required criteria for the same.</li> </ul>
4.	COURSE	Course refers to a well-defined form of academic training in a given area of knowledge and their application, spanning a single semester, and culminating in a test. A semeste usually is made up of 5-6 courses.
5.	MAJOR & MINOR COURSE	1. DISCIPLINARY/INTERDISCIPLINARY MAJOR: The major would provide the opportunity for a student to pursue in-depth study of a particular subject or discipline. Students may be allowed to change major within the broad discipline at the end of the second semester by giving her/him sufficient time to explore interdisciplinary courses during the first year. Advanced-level disciplinary/interdisciplinary courses, a course in research methodology, and a project/dissertation will be conducted in the seventh semester. The final semester will be devoted to seminar presentation, preparation, and submission of project report/dissertation. The project work/dissertation will

		be on a topic in the disciplinary programme of study or an interdisciplinary topic.  2. DISCIPLINARY/INTERDISCIPLINARY MINOR: Students will have the option to choose courses from disciplinary/interdisciplinary minors and skill-based courses relating to a chosen vocational education programme. Students who take a sufficient number of courses in a discipline or an interdisciplinary area of study other than the chosen major will qualify for a minor in that discipline or in the chosen interdisciplinary area of study. A student may declare the choice of the minor and vocational stream at the end of the second semester, after exploring various courses
6.	MULTIDISCIPLINA RY COURSE	All UG students are required to undergo 3 introductory-level courses relating to any of the broad disciplines given below. These courses are intended to broaden the intellectual experience allowing a student to explore her interest in a focussed manner across disciplines.
7.	ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES	Students are required to achieve competency in a Modern Indian Language (MIL) and in the English language with special emphasis on language and communication skills. The courses aim at enabling the students to acquire and demonstrate the core linguistic skills, including critical reading and expository and academic writing skills, that help students articulate their arguments and present their thinking clearly and coherently and recognize the importance of language as a mediator of knowledge and identity.
8.	SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE	These courses are aimed at imparting practical skills, hands-on training, soft skills, etc., to enhance the employability of students. The institution may design courses as per the students' needs and available institutional resources
9.	VALUE ADDED COURSES	These courses are supposed to be compulsory in nature for all U.G students, and can be broadly classified in terms of their focus along following groups:  1. Understanding India. 2. Environmental science/education. 3. Digital and technological solutions. 4. Health & Wellness, Yoga education, sports, and fitness.
10.	SUMMER INTERSHIP/ APPRENTICESHIP	All students will also undergo a <b>4 credit internships</b> in an industry, or organization during the 3 <sup>rd</sup> year of FYIPGP in Psychology. Additionally, those Students opting to exit the programme at the end of first year (with a Certificate Course) or second year (with a Diploma) will be awarded the UG Certificate Degree or UG Diploma Degree, if in addition to fulfilling the requisite credit requirements, the student also successfully completes a <b>3-credit</b> work based learning/internship within one year from the completion of <b>1</b> <sup>st</sup> year or <b>2</b> <sup>nd</sup> year respectively.
11.	REQUIREMENT FOR 4-YEAR B.A. (Hons. With Res.)	Students who secure at least <b>75%</b> at the end of 6 <sup>th</sup> semester and are willing to opt for 4 Year B.A. (Honours with Research) has to opt for Dissertation work. They are required to undergo the following programme structure during 7 <sup>th</sup> and 8 <sup>th</sup> semester in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of B.A. in Psychology (Honours with Research).

		SI. No.	Semester	Course Title	Course Code	Credit Distribution	
		1	7 <sup>th</sup>	Research Methods in Psychology	BPYR-7401	3L+1P	
		2	8 <sup>th</sup>	Dissertation Work	BPYR-8801	2T+6P	
12.	REQUIREMENT		ts who opt	for 4 year B.A. (Honours) are	1		
	FOR 4-YEAR B.A. (Hons.)			ure during 7 <sup>th</sup> and 8 <sup>th</sup> sem te degree of B.A. in Psycholog	•	ial fulfilment of the	
		SI. No.	Semester	Course Title	Course Code	Credit Distribution	
		1	7 <sup>th</sup>	Research Methods in Psychology	BPYI-7401	3L+1P	
		2.	8 <sup>th</sup>	Field Work/Project Work/Internship/Course work	BPYI-8801*	2T+6P**	
		*Rules and requirements for Field work/Project work will be framed in the DMC.  **: Given one practical class counts for 2 hours of work, therefore, 6 practical hours per week will comprise 12 hours of practical work. Accordingly, in a semester with 15 weeks of teaching, total practical work to be carried out during internship will be 180 hours. Assuming, a student can work in an internship programme for 6 hours every day, she will need to work 30 days to satisfy the credit requirements. If a week has 5 working days, it will translate into 6 weeks of internship programme.					
13.	NCC AND OTHER ACTIVITES	Scheme	e (NSS), Na	ill include participation in actional Cadet Corps (NCC), actudents, and other similar acti	adult education		
14.	CREDIT POINTS	of hour	s invested in	way to objectively assess the value of the v			
		b.	Tutorial (T),	where ONE hour of Lecture p where ONE hour of Tutorial p P), where TWO hours of Pract	oer week coun	ts as 1 Credit.	
		Therefore, say a Course bearing credit distribution of the type "5L +1P" would mean that the said course is a 6 credit Course with 5 Lecture of one hour each per week and 2 hours of Practical work per week respectively, but no Tutorial Component and so on and so forth.					
15.	COURSE CODE	The Course code nomenclature is an alphanumeric string composed of 9*1 characters in accordance with the following logic:					
		<ul> <li>a. The first 3 characters in the string are alphabetic characters common to course codes of all courses. It is made up of "BPY" that indicates the discipline of Psychology (BPY)</li> </ul>					

- b. The 4<sup>TH</sup> character is also an alphabetic character that can assume any of the following value based on the course type:
  - 1. 'C" for Core Courses
  - 2. "E" for Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses
  - 3. "S" for Skill Enhancement Courses
  - 4. "M" for Minor Courses
  - 5. "G" for Multidisciplinary Courses
  - 6. "R" for Dissertation work required for B.A. (Honours with Research) degree
  - 7. "I" for internship/fieldwork/courses in lieu of Dissertation work required for B.A. (Honours) degree
- c. The 5<sup>th</sup> character is a numeric character that can assume any of the following values:
  - 1. "1" indicative of 1st Semester
  - 2. "2" indicative of 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester
  - 3. "3" indicative of 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester
  - 4. "4" indicative of 4<sup>th</sup> Semester
  - 5. '5" indicative of 5<sup>th</sup> Semester
  - 6. "6" indicative of 6<sup>th</sup> Semester
  - 7. "7" indicative of 7<sup>th</sup> semester
  - 8. "8" indicative of 8<sup>th</sup> semester
- d. The 6<sup>th</sup> character is a numeric expression that reflects the Credit points assigned to that particular Course.
- e. The 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> characters are a numeric expressions treated as composite that indicate the order of that particular course within the course types to which it belongs in the said Semester.

## CREDIT DISTRIBUTION MATRIX FOR FOUR YEAR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME IN B.A. PSYCHOLOGY (Single Major) TABLE 02

semester	Major	Minor	Interdisciplinary	A.E.C	S.E.C	V.A.C	Internship	Dissertation	Total
1	4	4	4	3	3	4			22
П	4	4	4	3	3	4			22
Ш	8	4	4	3	3	2			24
IV	16	4							20
V	16	4					4		24
VI	16	4							20
VII	12	4					4/0	0/4	20
VIII	12	4					8/0	0/8	24
TOTAL	88	32	12	10	9	10	15/3	0/12	176

#### PROGRAMME STRUCTURE: TEMPLATE VIEW/ TABLE 03

Year	Semester	Component	Credit Distribution	Course Code	No. of Cours es	Credit per Course	Total Credit		
		Introduction to Psychology	3L+1P	BPYC- 1401	1	4	4		
		General Psychology	3L+1T	BPYM- 1401	1	4	4		
At the end	1	Psychology of Health and Well-Being	4L+1T	BPYG- 1401	1	4	4		
of First Year, Students can exit with a Certificate		Assamese/English-I	3L	To be provide d by the concern ed dept.	1	3	3		
Course		Effective Decision Making	2L+1P	BPYS- 1301	1	3	3		
		Panchkosha: Holistic Development of Personality	3L+1T	VAC- 1401	1	4	4		
		Foundation of Psychology	3L+1P	BPYC- 2401	1	4	4		
		Educational Psychology	3L+1T	BPYM- 2401	1	4	4		
	II	Psychology of Peace	3L+1T	BPYG- 2401	1	4	4		
		Assamese/English-II	3L	To be provide d by the concern ed dept.	1	3	3		
		Developing Emotional Intelligence	2L+1P	BPYS- 2301	1	3	3		
		Understanding self	3L+1T	VAC- 2401	1	4	4		

							23
	III	Developmental Psychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 3401	1	4	4
	"	Psychology of Individual Differences	3L+1P	BPYC- 3402	1	4	4
		Heath Psychology	3L+1T	BPYM- 3401	1	4	4
At the end of Second Year,		Psychology and Media	3L+1T	BPYG- 3401	1	4	4
students can exit with a <b>Diploma</b>		Assamese/English-III	3L	To be provide d by the concern ed dept.	1	3	3
		Stress Management	2L+1P	BPYS- 3306	1	3	3
		Psychology of Happiness	2L	VAC- 3201	1	2	2
							24
		Biopsychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 4401	1	4	4
	IV	Statistics for Behavioural Sciences	3L+1T	BPYC- 4402	1	4	4
		Psychology of Gender	3L+1T	BPYC- 4403	1	4	4
		Geriatric Psychology	3L+1P	BPYC- 4404	1	4	4
		Youth Psychology	3L+1T	BPYM- 4401	1	4	4

							20		
		Advanced Biopsychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 5401	1	4	4		
	V	Advanced Statistics for Behavioural Sciences	3L+1T	BPYC- 5402	1	4	4		
		Cultural and Indigenous Psychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 5403	1	4	4		
At the end of <b>Third</b>		Social Psychology	3L+1P	BPYC- 5404	1	4	4		
Year, students can exit		Psychology of Disability	3L+1T	BPYM- 5401	4	4	4		
with Bachelors Degree		Internship	4	BPYI- 5401	1	4	4		
Degree									
		Psychological Testing	3L+1P	BPYC- 6401	1	4	4		
	VI	Positive Psychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 6402		4	4		
		Psychopathology	3L+1T	BPYC- 6403	1	4	4		
		Applied Social Psychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 6404	1	4	4		
		Community Psychology	3L+1T	BPYM- 6401	1	4	4		
							20		
	VII	Cognitive Psychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 7401	1	4	4		
		Organizational Behaviour	3L+1T	BPYC- 7402	1	4	4		
At the end of Fourth Year,		Advanced Psychopathology-	3L+1P	BPYC- 7403	1	4	4		
students will be		Sports Psychology	3L+1T	BPYM- 7401	1	4	4		
conferred with <b>B.A</b> ( <b>Honours</b> )		Research Methods in Psychology	4L+1T+1P	BPYR- 7401	1	4	4		
or B.A				Or					

(Honours with				BPYI- 7401			
Research)						_	20
	VIII	Advanced Cognitive Psychology	3L+1P	BPYC- 8401	1	4	4
		Human Resource Management	3L+1T	BPYC- 8402	1	4	4
		Counselling Psychology	3L+1T	BPYC- 8403	1	4	4
		Consumer Behaviour	3L+1T	BPYM- 8401	1	4	4
		Dissertation/Project work	3T+3P	(BPYR- 8801 Or	1	8	8
				BPYI- 8801)			
							24
							176

#### SEMESTER WISE LIST OF MAJOR COURSES/ TABLE 04

SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	COURSE	CREDIT
		CODE	DISTRIBUTION
1	INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-1401	3L+1P
II	FOUNDATIONS OF PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-2401	3L+1P
III	DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-3401	3L+1T
	PSYCHOLOGY OF INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCE	BPYC-3402	3L+1P
IV	BIOPSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-4401	3L+1T
	STATISTICS FOR BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES	BPYC-4402	3L+1T
	PSYCHOLOGY OF GENDER	BPYC-4403	3L+1T
	GERIATRIC PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-4404	3L+1P
V	ADVANCED BIOPSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-5401	3L+1T
	ADVANCED STATISTICS FOR BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES	BPYC-5402	3L+ 1T
	CULTURAL AND INDIGENOUS PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-5403	3L+1T
	SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-5404	3L+ 1P
VI	PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING	BPYC-6401	3L+1P
	POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-6402	3L+1T
	PSYCHOPATHOLOGY	BPYC-6403	3L+1T
	APLIED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-6404	3L+1T
VII	COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-7401	3L+1T
	ORGANIZATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-7402	3L+1T
	ADVANCED PSYCHOPATHOLOGY	BPYC7-403	3L+1P
VIII	ADVANCED COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-8401	3L+1P
	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	BPYC-8402	3L+1T
	COUNSELLING PSYCHOLOGY	BPYC-8403	3L+1T

## MAJOR COURSES

## BPYC-1401: INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The idea of Psychology as a scientific discipline.
- 2. Core domains of psychological studies.
- 3. Specializations within the discipline of Psychology.
- 4. Importance of experimental approach to establishing psychological facts.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. The logical course of development of psychological modes of inquiry across time and traditions.
- 2. Greater insight about the various domains of psychological functioning and the underlying mechanisms governing them.

#### **MODULE-I: PSYCHOLOGY AS SCIENCE**

15 hours

Meaning, Definition, Nature and Goals of Psychology, Scope and Sub fields of Psychology, Indian and Western Perspective in Psychology, Methods in Psychology, Psychology as Science

#### **MODULE-II: SENSATION & PERCEPTION**

15 hours

Nature of Sensation, Sensory receptors, Habituation & Adaptation, Sensory processes of vision and audition

Perceptual processing, Perceptual organization, Perceptual sets, Perceptual constancies, depth perception, Illusions.

#### **MODULE-III: EMOTION & MOTIVATION**

15 hours

Motivation, Nature, Perspective, Types of Motivation, Relationship between Motivation and Emotion,

Emotion; Nature, Functions of Emotion, Classical theories of Emotion, Cognitive Theories of Emotion, Culture and Emotional Approaches to Understanding Motivation; Instinct Approaches, Drive-Reduction Approaches, Arousal Approaches, Incentive Approaches, Humanistic Approaches, Self-Determination Theory, Physiological Components of Hunger

Classical Theories of Emotions, Cognitive Theories of Emotions.

Practicum: Related to BPYC1401

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Ciccarelli, S. & Meyer, G. E. (2006). Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. Morgan, C. T., King, R. A., Weisz, J. R. and Schopler, J. (1986). Introduction to psychology. McGraw-Hill Book Co.

- 3. Zimbardo, P. G. and Weber, A. L. (1997). Psychology. N.Y.: Pearson.
- 4. Parkin, A.J. (2015). Essential Cognitive Psychology. Psychology Press. East Sussex.
- 5. Passer, M.W. & Smith, R.E. (2010). Psychology: The science of mind and behaviour. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Chadha, N.K. & Seth, S. (2014). The Psychological Realm: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pinnacle Learning.

## BPYC-2401: FOUNDATIONS OF PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

- 5. Core domains of psychological studies.
- 6. Types of Learning
- 7. Types of Memory.
- 8. Experimental approach to establishing psychological theories.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 3. Develop a fair understanding of how learning takes place
- 4. Develop an understanding of the different types of memory
- 5. Develop an appreciation of the stage theory of sleep
- 6. Greater insight about the various domains of psychological functioning and the underlying mechanisms governing them.

#### **MODULE-I: LEARNING & MEMORY**

22 HOURS

Nature and Definition of Learning, Principles of Learning; Classical Conditioning and Operant Conditioning, Conditioned Emotional Responses, Schedules of Reinforcement, Cognitive theories of Learning, Observational Learning.

Memory; Definition and Basic Processes: Encoding, Storage, Retrieval, Information Processing Model: Nature and type of Sensory memory, Nature and types of Short term Memory, Nature and types of Long Term memory, Retrieval cues and problems with Retrieval, Forgetting.

#### **MODULE-III: LANGAUGE AND THOUGHT**

13 Hours

Mental Representations: Imagery & Concepts, Problem Solving & Decision Making

Theories of Intelligence, Giftedness, Artificial Intelligence

Language: Levels of Language Analysis, Relationship between language and thought. Animal Studies in Language, Chomsky's theory of Language

#### **MODULE-IV: STATES OF CONSCIOUSNESS**

10 Hours

Consciousness and Altered States, nature of Sleep; stages and Theories, Sleep Disorders, Dreams, Hypnosis; Steps in Hypnotic Induction

Practicum: Related to BPYC2401

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTS:**

1. Ciccarelli, S. & Meyer, G. E. (2006). Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson Education.

- 2. Morgan, C. T., King, R. A., Weisz, J. R. and Schopler, J. (1986). Introduction to psychology. McGraw-Hill Book Co.
- 3. Zimbardo, P. G. and Weber, A. L. (1997). Psychology. N.Y.: Pearson.
- 4. Parkin, A.J. (2015). Essential Cognitive Psychology. Psychology Press. East Sussex.
- 5. Passer, M.W. & Smith, R.E. (2010). Psychology: The science of mind and behaviour. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Chadha, N.K. & Seth, S. (2014). The Psychological Realm: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pinnacle Learning.

## BPYC-3401: DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

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#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The concept and process of Human development
- 2. The various domains of Human development

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able appreciate/display:

- 1. How and why human beings changes over the course of their life
- 2. How thinking, feeling and behaviour changes throughout a person's life

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#### MODULE I: INTRODUCTION TO DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY

12 hours

Concept, Nature and importance of Developmental psychology, Theories, Themes, Basic Methods and Research Designs

#### **MODULE-II: STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT**

15 hours

CHARACTERISTICS, ISSUES AND CHALLENGES; Pre-natal stage, Birth and Infancy, Childhood, Adolescence and Adulthood, OLD AGE

#### **MODULE-III: DOMAINS OF DEVELOPMENT**

18 hours

Cognitive development: Piagetian and Vygotskian perspectives, Language development; Skinner and Chomsky Perspective, Emotional development; James-Lange, Cannon-Bard, Lazarus, Moral development; Kohlberg

#### **MODULE-IV: SELF AND SOCIAL UNDERSTANDING**

15 hours

Definition of Self, Self Awareness and Theories of Self Development, Emergence of Self and development of Self-Concept; Self-Esteem, Identity Formation.

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Shaffer, D., Kipp, K. (2014). Developmental Psychology: Childhood and Adolescence. (9th Ed.). Belmont. Wodsworth.
- 2. Berk, L.E. (2019). Child Development (9th Ed.). New Delhi. Prentice Hall.
- 3. Papalia, D. (2017). Human Development. (9th Ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Goswami, U. (2013). The Wiley-Blackwell Handbook of Childhood Cognitive Development. (2nd Ed.). WileyBlackwell.
- 5. Mooney, C.G. (2009). Theories of Attachment: An Introduction to Bowlby, Ainsworth, Gerber, Brazelton, Kennell, and Klaus. (1st Ed.). Redleaf Press.
- 6. Kail Jr., R.V., Cavanaugh, J. (2014). Human Development: A Lifespan View. (7th Ed.). Cengage Learning Custom Publishing.
- 7. Parke, R.D., Roismon, G.I. Rose, A.J. (2019). Social Development. (3rd Ed.). John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 8. Gardiner, H.W. (2017). Lives across Cultures: Cross-Cultural Human Development. (6th Ed.). Pearson

- 9. Hurlock, E. (2017). Developmental Psychology: A Life-span Approach. (5th Ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 10. Saraswathi, T.S. (2003). Cross-cultural perspectives in Human Development: Theory, Research and Applications. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 11. Brown, B.B., Larson, R.W., Saraswathi, T.S. (2002). The World's Youth: Adolescence in Eight Regions of the Globe. CUP. 1
- 12. Misra, G. (2009). Psychology in India, vol-1: Basic Psychological Processes and Human Development. India: Pearson.
- 13. Berry, J.W., Mishra, R.C., Tripathi, R.C. (2003). Psychology in Human and Social Develoment: Lessons from Diverse Cultures: A Festschrift for Durganand Sinha. Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 14. Kakar, S. (2012). The Inner World: A Psychoanalytic Study of Childhood and Society in India. (4th Ed.). OUP

## BPYC-3402: PSYCHOLOGY OF INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1P)

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#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The Concept of Individual Difference.
- 2. The Concept of Unconscious Processes.
- 3. Intelligence as a multi-dimensional construct.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able appreciate/display:

- 1. Knowledge about how every individual is unique.
- 2. Knowledge about how individual uniqueness is a product of same set of psychological attributes combined variously.
- 3. Knowledge about Importance of Unconscious processes in determining overt behaviour.
- 4. Knowledge about ways to enhance individual potential.

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#### **MODULE-I: CLASSICAL THEORIES OF PERSONALITY**

15 hours

Brief Introduction of Sigmund Freud's Classical Psychoanalytic Theory; Carl Jung's Analytical Psychology, Karen Horney, Erikson's Psychosocial Theory of Personality Development, Carl Roger's Person Centred Theory

#### **MODULE-II: TRAIT THEORIES**

15 hours

Trait theories of Gordon Allport, Raymond Cattell, Costa & McCrae's Five Factor Model of Personality

#### **MODULE-III: INTELLIGENCE AND SELF-ENHANCEMENT**

15 hours

Concept of intelligence: Sternberg's theory and Weschler's theory; Gardner's multiple intelligences; Emotional Intelligence, Heredity, environment and intelligence; Group differences in intelligence; Extremes of intelligence.

Enhancing cognitive potential, Self-regulation and self enhancement, CREATIVITY; Fostering creativity, Stages of Creativity, Characteristics of the Creative Process

**PRACTICUM:** Related to BPYC3402

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Hall, C.S., Lindzey, G., Campbell, J.B. (2013). Theories of Personality. (4th Ed.). New Delhi. Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Larsen, J.R., Buss, D.M., Deuskar, M.U. (2017). Personality Psychology: Domains of Knowledge about Human nature. (4th Ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Lear, J., (2005). Freud. Routledge. New York.
- 4. Schultz. (2013). Theories of Personality. (10th Ed.). Cengage India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 5. Cloringer, S.C., (2013). Theories of Personality: Understanding Persons. (6th Ed.). Pearson International
- 6. Deary, I. J. (2009). The trait approach to personality. In P. J. Corr & G. Matthews (Eds.), The Cambridge handbook of personality psychology (pp. 89-109). New York, NY, US: Cambridge University Press

- 7. Cornelissen, R.M., Misra, G., Varma, S. (2013). Foundations and Applications of Indian Psychology. New Delhi. Pearson Education.
- 8. Hiriyanna, M. (1995). Essentials of Indian Philosophy. (1st Ed.). New Delhi. Motilal Banarasidass
- 9. Siderits, M., Thompson, E., Zahavi, D. (2014). Self, No Self?: Perspectives from Analytical, Phenomenological, and Indian Traditions. OUP Uk.
- 10. Ganeri, J. (2015). The Self: Naturalism, Consciousness and the First Person Stance. OUP UK.
- 11. Marcia, J.E., Waterman, A.S., Matteson, D.R., Archer, S.L., Orlofsky, L. (2011). Ego Identity: A Handbook of Psychosocial Research. Springer.
- 12. Mayer, J.D. (2017). Personality: A Systems Approach. (2nd Ed.). Rowman & Littlelfield.
- 13. Passer, M.W. & Smith, R.E. (2010). Psychology: The science of mind and behaviour. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 14. Chadha, N.K. & Seth, S. (2014). The Psychological Realm: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pinnacle Learning.
- 15. Chamorro-Premuzic, T., Stumm, S.V., Furnham, A. (2011). The Willey-Blackwell Handbook of Individual Differences. (1st Ed.). Willey-Blackwell

## BPYC-4401: BIOPSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. Biopsychology as an interdisciplinary field of investigation'
- 2. How genetics and experience interact in shaping human experience and behaviour.
- 3. Fundamental mechanism that govern nervous system functioning.

**COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Knowledge of Biological processes implicated in behaviour
- 2. Knowledge of Behaviour as a complex outcome of nature and environment.

#### MODULE-I: THE BIOPSYCHOLOGY APPROACH

15 hours

What is Biopsychology, Relationship between Biopsychology and other Disciplines of Neuroscience, Nature of Biopsychological Research, Interaction of Genetics and Experience in shaping behaviour

#### **MODULE-II: NEURONS AND ACTION POTENTIALS**

15 hours

Anatomy of Neurons and Glia, Types of Neurons and their respective structure and functions, The Blood-Brain Barrier, The Resting Potential of the Neuron, The Sodium-Potassium Gate, Action Potential; The All-or-None Law, The Refractory Period, Propagation of the Action Potential

#### **MODULE-III: COMMUNICATION AT THE SYNAPSE**

15 hours

The properties of the Synapse; Temporal Summation, Spatial Summation, Inhibitory Synapses, Relationship between EXCITATORY POST SYNAPTIC POTENTIAL, INHIBITORY POST SYNAPTIC POTENTIAL, and Action Potential.

#### **MODULE-IV: MACROSCOPIC VIEW OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM**

15 hours

The CNS and the PNS, the Spinal Cord, the Cortex, Autonomic & Somatic Nervous System. Research Methods, Brain Imaging Techniques.

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Pinel, J. P. J. (2011) Biopsychology, 8th Edition. Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 2. Kalat, J.W. (2013) Biological Psychology, 11th Edition. Cengage Learning, New Delhi.
- 3. Rozenweig, M. H. (1989). Physiological Psychology. New York: Random
- 4. Levinthal, C. F. (1983). Introduction to Physiological Psychology. New Delhi: PHI.
- 5. Breedlove, S. M., Rosenzweig, M. R., & Watson, N. V. (2007) Biological Psychology: An introduction to behavioral, cognitive, and clinical neuroscience. (5th Ed.). Sunderland. Sinauer Associates, Inc.
- 6. Kandel, E., Schwartz, J.H., Jessell, T.M. (1991). Principles of Neural Science. Appleton & Lange
- 7. Ward, J. (2015). The Student's Guide to Cognitive Neuroscience. (3rd Ed.). Psychology Press.
- 8. Khosla, M. (2017). Physiological Psychology: An Introduction. New Delhi. Sage Publication India Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Carlson, N.R. (2004). Foundations of Physiological Psychology. (6th Ed.). New Delhi. Pearson Education India.

## BPYC-4402: STATISTICS FOR BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. Statistical approaches to describing and analysing data sets.
- 2. Importance, relevance and application of each type of measure.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. Quantitative approaches to representing knowledge.
- 2. Separate descriptive reports from analytical reports.
- 3. The theoretical assumptions that guide statistical analysis

#### MODULE-I: DATA BASICS 15 hours

Introduction and Basic terminologies: Variables, Values and Scores, Levels of measurement (kinds of Variables), Frequency Tables: Ungrouped and Grouped Data, Frequency Graphs: Histograms and Polygons

#### **MODULE-II: MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY**

15 hours

Importance of Measures of Central Tendency in describing the nature of the Data, Calculation of the measures of Central Tendency; Comparison of Mean, Median and Mode Computing Percentile and Percentile Ranks.

#### **MODULE-III: MEASURES OF VARIABILITY**

15 hours

Variability: The Spread of Data, Measures of Variability; Range, Quartile Deviations, Standard Deviation; Centre of Data and Effects of Extreme Values, When to use the various measures of Variability

#### **MODULE--IV: FOUNDATIONS OF INFERENTIAL STATISTICS**

15 hours

Introduction to Probability, Probability and Normal Distribution, Proportion of scores from a Normal Distribution, Probability and the Distribution of Sample Means, Standard Error.

Introduction to Z-scores, Z-score and location in a distribution, using Z-score to standardise distribution based on Z-score, computing Z-score for sample

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Gravetter, F.J., Wallnau, L.B. (2013). Statistics for Behavioral Sciences. International Edition. Cengage Learning.
- 2. Diez, D, M., Barr, C.D., Centikaya-Rundel, M. (2012) OpenIntro Statistics (2nd Ed.).
- 3. Aron, A., Aron, E.N., & Coups, E.J. (2007). *Statistics for Psychology. (4thEd.)* India: Pearson Education, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Karlinger, F.N. (1999) Foundations of Behavioural Research (4<sup>th</sup> Ed.). S.Chand (G/L) & Company Ltd.
- 5. Weiss, N.A. (2014). Introductory Statistics. (10<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Pearson.
- 6. King, B.M. & Minium, E.W, (2007). Statistical Reasoning in the Behavioral Sciences (5th Ed.). USA: John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Singh, A.K. (2019) Tests, Measurements and Research in Behavioural Sciences. Patna. Bharti Bhawan Publication.
- 8. Welkowitz, J, Ewen, R.B, Cohen, J. (1999) Introductory Statistics for Behavioural Sciences (5<sup>th</sup> Ed.)John Wiley & Sons.

## BPYC-4403: PSYCHOLOGY OF GENDER CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The interface between gender and psychology
- 2. What is gender when looked from a psychological perspective?
- 1. The methods of doing gender research.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. The theories in Psychology of Gender in the biological, social and moral domain.
- 2. The basis of understanding agency and gender in power dynamics.

#### **MODULE-I: UNDERSTANDING PSYCHOLOGY OF GENDER**

15 hours

Sex and Gender; Role of Chromosomes and Hormones;; Salience of Gender; Designs of Gender Research; Challenges of Gender Research; Cognitive explanations of Gender development

#### **MODULE-II: GENDER AND ITS PSYCHOSOCIAL COMPONENTS**

15 hours

Conception of Self- Self-Confidence & Self-Esteem; Achievement and Attribution; Interactive and Leadership Styles; Parenting style; Gender and Language

#### **MODULE-III: PERSPECTIVES IN PSYCHOLOGY OF GENDER**

15 hours

Gender Role Attitudes and Stereotypes; Observations of Sex Comparison- Cognitive domain, Social domain, Moral domain; Theories of Sex Comparison- Biological Theories, Social Learning Theory, Cognitive Development Theory; Gender Schema Theory

#### **MODULE-IV: GENDER AND MENTAL HEALTH**

15 hours

Gender and Mental Health; Challenges of adolescence- gender intensification, puberty, body image, peer influence;

Adjustment to illness- male female gender roles, Sex differences in mental illness Suicide- the gender paradox

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Cohen, B. (Producer) & Mendes, S. (Director). (2008). *Revolutionary Road* [Motion Picture]. MODULEed States: Paramount Vantage DreamWorks Pictures.
- 2. Helgeson, V.S. (2012). Psychology of Gender (4th Edition). New Delhi: Pearson
- 3. Magnusson, E & Marecek, J. (2012). *Gender and Culture in Psychology: Theory and practice*. New York: Cambridge University Press
- 4. Rudman, L.A & Glick, P. (2010). *The Social Psychology of Gender: How power and intimacy shape gender relations*. New York; London: The Guilford Press
- 5. Bordo, S. (1997). Aneroxia Nervosa: Psychopathology as the crystallization of culture. In Gergen, Mary M. & Davis, Sara N. (Ed.), *Toward a New Psychology of Gender*. New York: Routledge
  - Lama Abu-Odeh. (1997). Post- Colonial Feminism and the Veil, Thinking the difference. In Gergen, Mary M. & Davis, Sara N. (Ed.), *Toward a New Psychology of Gender*. New York: Routledge
- 6. Hare-Mustin, Rachel. (1997). Discourse in the Mirrored Room, Postmodern Analysis of Therapy. In Gergen, Mary M. & Davis, Sara N. (Ed.), *Toward a New Psychology of Gender*. New York: Routledge
- 7. Gilligan, Carol. (1997). Remapping the Moral Domain: New Images of the Self in Relationship. In Zanardi, Claudia (Ed.), *Essential Papers on the Psychology of Women*. New York: New York University Press.

## BPYC-4404: GERIATRIC PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1P)

#### **OURSE OBJECTIVES**: to familiarize students with:

- 1. Developmental challenges of old age
- 2. Care and welfare needs in old age

**COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. How the field of gerontology is studied in Psychology.
- 2. Greater insight about issues and problem related to aging and their needs and adjustment.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of aging to make self-adjustment in behavior towards the old.

#### **MODULE-I: UNDERSTANDING GERIATRIC PSYCHOLOGY**

12 hours

Definition of Geriatric Psychology, importance and scope, Old age- definition, meaning and concept, demographics of aging, myths and stereotypes about aging.

#### MODULE-II: DEVELOPMENTAL CHANGES AND CHALLENGES IN OLD AGE

21 hours

Cognitive changes, physical changes, psychological and social changes, theories of successful ageing Diseases like Osteoporosis, Arthritis, Sensory dysfunction Psychological disorders in later period-Depression, Dementia, Stress, Anxiety, Panic disorder, phobia, Alcohol abuse and other drugs, loneliness

#### **MODULE-III: CARE AND WELFARE NEEDS**

12 hours

Needs of elderly people- physical, intellectual, emotional and social needs, issues in family support and care giving, types of care giving; formal and informal, caregivers stress and management.

**PRACTICUM:** Related to Geriatric Psychology

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Birren, J.E. & Schaie. K.W. (2006). Handbook of Psychology of Aging (6th Edition). Boston: Elevier Academic Press.
- 2. John, W. Santrock (2011). Life Span Development (13th Edition). New York: The McGraw Hill Companies.
- 3. Malcom, L. Johnson (2005). The Cambridge handbook of Age and Aging. New York: Cambridge University press
- 4. Stuart, I & Hamilton (2011). An Introduction to Gerontology. New York; Cambridge University Press
- 5. Yochim, B.P., Woodland, E.L.(2017). Psychology of Aging: A Biopsychosocial Perspective. Springer Publishing.
- 6. Chatterjee, P. (2019). Health and Wellbeing in Late Life: Perspectives and Narratives from India. Springer

## BPYC-5401: ADVANCED BIOPSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **OURSE OBJECTIVE**: To familiarize students with:

- 1. Stages of brain development.
- 2. Plasticity and lateralization of brain.
- 3. Neural Mechanisms underlying lower order and higher order cognitive processes.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Knowledge of Biological processes underlying various cognitive processes.
- 2. Importance of Reductionist approach in explaining complex human behaviour.

#### **MODULE-I: BRAIN DEVELOPMENT AND PLASTICITY**

15 hours

Concept and Structure of the Brain, Development of the Brain, Differentiation of the Cortex, Brain Development and Behavioural Development, Lateralization of Functions, Brain Damage and Recovery

#### **MODULE-II: VISUAL SYSTEMS**

15 hours

Concept of Vision, Visual coding, the Primary Visual Cortex, Retinotopic Organization; The M and P Pathways, Seeing Edges, Seeing Colour, Perceiving Movement. Visual errors

#### **MODULE-III: BIOLOGY OF EMOTIONS**

15 hours

Brain Areas associated with Emotions, the Functions of Emotions, Emotions and Nervous Systems, Attack and Escape Behaviour, Stress and Health

#### **MODULE-IV: BIOLOGICAL BASIS OF MEMORY**

15 hours

Localized Representation of Memory, Types of Memory, The Hippocampus, The Basal Ganglia, Amnesia types, Storing Information in the Nervous System, Long-Term Potentiation

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Pinel, J. P. J. (2011) Biopsychology, 8th Edition. Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 2. Kalat, J.W. (2013) Biological Psychology, 11th Edition. Cengage Learning, New Delhi.
- 3. Rozenweig, M. H. (1989). Physiological Psychology. New York: Random
- 4. Levinthal, C. F. (1983). Introduction to Physiological Psychology. New Delhi: PHI.
- 5. Breedlove, S. M., Rosenzweig, M. R., & Watson, N. V. (2007) Biological Psychology: An introduction to behavioral, cognitive, and clinical neuroscience. (5th Ed.). Sunderland. Sinauer Associates, Inc.
- 6. Kandel, E., Schwartz, J.H., Jessell, T.M. (1991). Principles of Neural Science. Appleton & Lange
- 7. Ward, J. (2015). The Student's Guide to Cognitive Neuroscience. (3rd Ed.). Psychology Press.
- 8. Khosla, M. (2017). Physiological Psychology: An Introduction. New Delhi. Sage Publication India Pvt. Ltd.

## BPYC-5402: ADVANCED STATISTICS FOR BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** to familiarize students with:

- 1. Logic of hypothesis testing
- 2. Comparing means of samples
- 3. Hypothesis testing concerning categorical variables.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** by the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Application of inferential statistics
- 2. Identify appropriate hypothesis test type to be used in a given situation.

#### **MODULE-I: INTRODUCTION TO HYPOTHESIS TESTING**

15 hours

Definition and types of Hypothesis, Hypothesis testing, The Logic of Hypothesis Testing, Directional Hypothesis Tests, Type I and Type II errors

#### MODULE-II: t-STATISTICS 15 hours

The t statistics: Hypothesis tests with t statistics, t statistics for an Independent-Measure Research Design, t statistics for a Repeated –Measure Research Design

#### **MODULE-III: ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE**

15 hours

The logic of ANOVA, The distribution of F-Ratio, Hypothesis Testing and Effect Size using ANOVA, Post-Hoc Tests, ONE-WAY AND TWO-WAY ANOVA.

MODULE-IV: CORRELATION 15 hours

The Meaning of Correlation, Scatter plot Correlation: A Matter of Direction; Correlation: A Matter of Degree; The Coefficient of Correlation; Calculating Pearson's Correlation Coefficient from Deviation Scores; Calculating Pearson's Correlation Coefficient from Raw Scores; Spearman's Rank-Order Correlation Coefficient; Correlation and Causation;

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Gravetter, F.J., Wallnau, L.B. (2013). Statistics for Behavioral Sciences. International Edition. Cengage Learning.
- 2. Diez, D., M., Barr, C., D., Centikaya-Rundel, M. (2012) OpenIntro Statistics (2nd Ed.).
- 3. Weiss, N.A. (2014). Introductory Statistics. (10<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Pearson.
- 4. Aron, A., Aron, E.N., & Coups, E.J. (2007). *Statistics for Psychology. (4thEd.)* India: Pearson Education, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Karlinger, F.N., (1999) Foundations of Behavioural Research (4<sup>th</sup> Ed.). S.Chand (G/L) & Company Ltd.
- 6. King, B.M. & Minium, E.W., (2007). Statistical Reasoning in the Behavioral Sciences. (5th Ed.). USA: John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Singh, A.K. (2019) Tests, Measurements and Research in Behavioural Sciences. Patna. Bharti Bhawan Publication.
- 8. Welkowitz, J, Ewen, R.B, Cohen, J. (1999) Introductory Statistics for Behavioural Sciences (5<sup>th</sup> Ed.)John Wiley & Sons.

## BPYC-5403: CULTURAL AND INDIGNEOUS PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

1. The role of culture in understanding behaviour and exploring psychological insights in the Indian thought traditions.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. Insights into some of the indigenous cultural practices of India
- 2. The coexistence of the multicultural verse in India

#### **MODULE-I: CULTURAL PROCESSES**

14 hours

Introduction to Cultural Psychology, Cultures, Emic and Etic Perspectives of Culture, , Cross-Cultural Psychology, Cross-Cultural Research, Indigenous Psychology, Ethnocentrism and Cultural Relativism, Research Methods of studying cultural psychology.

#### **MODULE-II: CULTURE, SELF & OTHERS**

15 hours

Representation: Person, Other People, Self and Groups, Culture and Development: Enculturation, Enculturation Agents, Self-Construal and developmental pathways, Culture and Morality

#### **MODULE-III: CULTURAL CONTACTS**

16 hours

Nature, Psychological benefits and costs of cultural competence; Migration, globalization and cultural diversity; Management of multicultural identities.

#### **MODULE-IV: INDIGENOUS PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Basic concept and Research Methods in Indigenous Psychology, Characteristics and Nature, Indian Psychology – Implications and applications; Indian perspective on emotions; self and identity; indigenization of psychology in India.

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Cornelissen, R.M., Misra, G., Varma, S. (2013). Foundations and Applications of Indian Psychology. New Delhi. Pearson Education.
- 2. Kakar, S. (2008). Culture and Psyche: Selected Essays. (2nd Ed.). OUP.
- 3. Hiriyanna, M. (2005) Outlines of Indian Philosophy (1st Indian Edition). New Delhi: Motilal Banarsidass Publishers.
- 4. Kakar, Sudhir (1998) Shamans, Mystics and Doctors: A psychological inquiry into India and its healing traditions (4th Print). Chicago, Ill: University of Chicago Press.
- 5. Kakar, Sudhir (1995) Colours of Violence: Cultural identities, religion and conflict. New Delhi: Viking.
- 6. Auluck, S. (2002). Self and identity. In G. Misra, and A. K. Mohanty (Ed.) Perspectives on Indigenous Psychology, p. 374-398. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
- 7. Chi-yue, C., & Hong, Y. (2006). Social Psychology of Culture. New York: Psychology Press.
- 8. Singh, J. K. (2002). An Indian Perspective on Emotions. In G. Misra, and A. K. Mohanty (Ed.), Perspectives on Indigenous Psychology, p. 281-291. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
- Misra, G., & Gergen, K. J. (2002). On the Place of Culture in Psychological Science. . In G. Misra, and A. K. Mohanty (Ed.) Perspectives on Indigenous Psychology, p. 421-439. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company. 1

- 10. Sinha, J. B. P. (2002). Towards the Indigenization of Psychology in India. In G. Misra, and A. K. Mohanty (Ed.), Perspectives on Indigenous Psychology, p. 440-457. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
- 11. Smith, P.B., Fischer, R., Vignoles, V. L., & Bond, M. H. (2013). Understanding Social Psychology across Cultures: Engaging in a changing world (2nd Ed). Los Angeles; California: SAGE.
- 12. Misra, G. (2009). Psychology in India. Volume-1: Basic Psychological Processes and Human Development (1st Ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 13. Misra, G. (2009). Psychology in India. Volume-2: Social and Organizational Processes. (1st Ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 14. Tripathi, R.C. & Singh, P. (Editors) (2016). Perspectives on Violence and Othering in India. (1st Ed. ). Springer Nature.
- 15. Bhatia, S. (2017). Decolonizing Psychology: Globalization, Social Justice and Indian Youth Identities. OUP USA.

## BPYC-5404: SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**: To familiarize students with:

- 1. Situate the self in relation with the social world.
- 2. How Individuals think, feel and behave in social settings

#### **COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, students should be able appreciate/display:

- 1. An understanding of various processes involved in making sense of other's behaviour.
- 2. An appreciation of the trade-offs between speed-accuracy in evaluating the social world.
- 3. Knowledge of what causes prejudice and how to minimize and prevent prejudice

#### **MODULE-I: BASIC FRAMEWORK OF SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Definition, Nature, Origin and Development of Social Psychology, Social Psychology in Indian context, Relationship with sociology and anthropology; Social psychology and sustainable future Management

#### MODULE II: UNDERSTANDING AND EVALUATING THE SOCIAL WORLD

15 hours

Non Verbal Communication, Attribution, Impression Formation and Impression Management

Social cognition: Schemas and Heuristics, Potential Sources of Error in Social Cognition, Attitude Formation, The fine art of Persuasion, Cognitive Dissonance, Attitude Change

#### **MODULE-IV: ASPECTS OF SOCIAL IDENTITY**

15 hours

Self-Concept, Self-Esteem, Self and Gender, Prejudice: Cause, Effects; Stereotypes and Discrimination , Identifying and addressing Prejudice .

#### PRACTICUM: Related to BPYC5404

#### **RECCOMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Baron. R.A., Byrne, D & Bhardwaj. G (2010). Social Psychology (12th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson
- 2. Fiske, S, Taylor, S. (2008) Social cognition: From Brain to Culture
- 3. Baumeister, R.F., Bushman, B.J. (2008). Fundamentals of Social Psychology. Cengage Leaning. New Delhi.
- 4. Taylor, S.E., Peplau, L.A. & Sears, D.O. (2006). Social Psychology (12th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson
- 5. Misra, G. (1990) . Applied Social Psychology. New Delhi: Sage
- 6. Gilovich, T., Keltner, D., Chen, S. (2018). Social Psychology. W. W. Norton & Co.
- 7. Schneider, F.W., Gruman, J.A., Coutts, L.M. (2005). Applied Social Psychology: Understanding and Addressing Social and Practical Problems. Sage Publications.
- 8. Kite, M.E., Whitley Jr., B.E. (2016). Psychology of Prejudice and Discrimination. (3rd Ed.). Routledge.
- 9. Neuman, W.L. (2014). Social Research Methods: qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. (7th Ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 10. Tripathi, R.C., Singh, P (Ed.) (2016). Perspectives on Violence and Othering in India. (1st Ed.). Springer Nature.
- 11. Ross, L., Nisbett, R.E., Gladwell, M. (2011). The Person and the Situation: Perspectives of Social Psychology. (2nd Ed.). Pinter & Martin

- 12. Pandey, J. (2004). Psychology in India Revisited- Developments in the Discipline, Vol-3: Applied Social and Organizational Psychology. (1st Ed.). Sage India.
- 13. Kruglanski, A.W. & Higgins, E.T. (Ed.) (2003). Social Psychology: A General Reader (Key Readings in Social Psychology). (1st Ed.). Psychology Press.
- 14. Lorenz, K. (2012). On Aggression. (8th Ed.). Routledge Classics

## BPYC-6401: PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. Development of psychological testing from a historical perspective
- 2. Importance of standardization
- 3. Criteria of a good Test
- 4. Stages in Test construction

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Fundamentals of a test and testing Procedure
- 2. Knowledge and application of Standardised Tests.

#### **MODULE-I: PRINCIPLES OF PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING**

21 HOURS

Definition of Psychological Tests, Brief history of Testing, Types of Tests, Applications of Psychological Tests

Concept of Reliability (theories and assumptions), Validity (types), Norms and Standardization; Test construction; Steps in test construction, Selecting a Scaling Method, Constructing the Items, Testing the Items, Revision, Publication of Test.

#### MODULE-II: MEASUREMENT OF INTELLIGENCE AND APTITUDE

12 hours

Intelligence tests- meaning and definitions; Individual Tests; WAIS-IV, Group Tests; Cattell's Culture Fair Intelligence Test, Raven's Progressive Matrices

Group Tests of Aptitude and Achievement; Differential Aptitude Test, David's Battery of Differential Ability

#### MODULE III: MEASUREMENT OF PERSONALITY

12 hours

Objective test; The NEO Personality Inventory (Neo-PI), 16 Personality Factor Questionnaire (16 PF);

Projective test: Rorschach Inkblot test, Thematic Apperception Test (TAT), The Draw-a-Person test (DAP)

#### PRACTICUM:

Standardised tests related to **BPYC6401**:

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT:**

- 1. Gregory, R.J. (2008). Psychological Testing. (2nd Ed.). New Delhi. Dorling Kindersley
- 2. Kaplan, R.M, Saccuzzo, D.P, (2013). Psychological Testing: Principles, Application and Issues. (8th Ed.). Belmont.CA. Wadsworth
- 3. Anastasi, A., Ubrina, S. (2009). Psychological Testing. (7th Ed.). New Delhi. PHI Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Goldstein, G., Hersen, M. (2000). Handbook of Psychological Assessment. Elsevier
- 5. Nunnally, J.C, Bernstein, I.H, (2010) Psychometric Theory. Tata McGraw-Hills.

- 6. Miller, L.A., Lovler, R.L. (2015). Foundations of Psychological Testing. (5<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Sage Publications.
- 7. Rust, J., Golombok, S. (2008). Modern Psychometrics: The Science of Psychological Assessment. (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.). Routledge.
- 8. Singh, A.K. (2017). Tests, Measurements and Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences. Bharati Bhawan Publishers & Distributors.
- 9. Cohen, R.J., Swerdlik, M.E. (2018). Psychological Testing and Assessment: An Introduction to Tests and Measurement. (9<sup>th</sup> Ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 10. American Psychological Association. (1993). Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing. American Psychological Association.

#### BPYC-6402: POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

**COURSE OBJECTIVES**: To familiarize students with:

- 1. The theory and practice of positive psychology.
- 2. The growing body of research evidence on creating, maintaining and developing positive relationships in organizations and communities.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

1. The importance of positive psychological perspectives for healthy living.

#### **MODULE-I: POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY: PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE**

15 hours

Meaning and Definition of Positive Psychology, Historical background, Perspectives on happiness and well-being, Virtues and character strengths, recent trends and future directions, Positive neuroscience.

#### MODULE-II: IDENTIFYING AND MEASURING STRENGTHS

16 hours

Positive Emotional States and Processes: Happiness and Psychological Well being, Positive Affect and Positive Emotions, Emotional Intelligence, Resilience, Optimism, Hope, Self-efficacy

#### MODULE-III: PROMOTING POSITIVE SELF AND RELATIONSHIP

16 hours

Compassion, Forgiveness, Gratitude, Empathy, Authenticity and positivity in social relationships, Mindfulness meditation: theory, research and practice.

#### **MODULE-IV: APPLICATION OF POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY**

13 hours

Application of Positive Psychology in the area of Education, Health, Work, Environment., successful Ageing

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Carr, A. (2008). Positive Psychology: The Science of Happiness and Human Strengths. New Delhi: Routledge.
- 2. Snyder, C.R. & Lopez, S.J. (2002). Handbook of Positive Psychology. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Haidt , J. (2006). The Happiness Hypothesis; Finding Modern Truth in Ancient Wisdom. New York: Basic Books.
- 4. Huppert, F, F.A., Baylis ,N. & Keverne, B. (2005). The science of well being. Oxford; Oxford University press.
- 5. Lyubomirsky, S. (2007). The how of happiness: A scientific approach to getting the life you want. New York: Penguin.
- 6. Peterson, C. (2006). A Primer in Positive Psychology. New York: Oxford University press.
- 7. Seligman, M.E.P. (2002). Authentic happiness. New York: Free Press

## BPYC-6403: PSYCHOPATHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3T + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. Normality as a derived concept with respect to Abnormality.
- 2. Difference between disease and Disorder.
- 3. Contemporary classification systems.
- 4. Assessment Techniques.
- 5. Differential diagnosis.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. The functional conception of (ab) normality.
- 2. Objectivity in clinical assessment.
- 3. Knowledge of sign and symptoms associated with various classes of disorders.

#### **MODULE -I: ELEMENTS OF MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOUR**

15 hours

Range of Abnormal Behaviour: Historical perspectives to Current Concepts; Seeking Help for Abnormal Behaviour; Theoretical Perspectives: Biological, Psychodynamic, Behavioural, Cognitive, Humanistic-Existential Perspective; The Community-Cultural Perspective; Classification, Assessment and Diagnosis

#### MODULE -II: ANXIETY DISORDERS AND DISSOCIATIVE DISORDER

15 hours

Panic disorders & agoraphobia: Specific phobias, Social phobia; Generalized anxiety disorder; Obsessive Compulsive Disorders; Dissociative Amnesia, Dissociative Identity Disorder

#### **MODULE -III: DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDERS**

15 hours

Clinical Picture; Intellectual Disability; Autism Spectrum disorder; Attention Deficit /Hyperactivity Disorder; Learning Disabilities; Identification and Types

#### **MODULE -IV: PERSONALITY DISORDER**

15 hours

Nature and Types of Personality Disorder; Dimensional vs Categorical approach, Onset, Symptoms and Prevalence;; Trait Model, Cultural bias and Critique

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXTS:**

- 1. Barlow D.H. and Durand V.M. (2005). Abnormal Psychology: An Integrated Approach (4th Ed.). Wadsworth: New York.
- 2. Carson R.C., Butcher J.N., Mineka, S., & Hooley J.M. (2007). *Abnormal Psychology.* (13th Ed.).ND: Pearson Education.
- 3. Sarason, I.,G., Sarason, B. (2009). Abnormal Psychology: The Problems of Maladaptive Behaviour. (11th ed.) PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Bennett, P. (2006). Abnormal and Clinical Psychology: An introductory textbook. New York: Open University Press.
- 5. Brewer,K. (2001). Clinical Psychology. Oxford: Heinemann Educational Publishers Carson, R.C., Butcher,J.N.,Mineka,S.& Hooley,J.M. (2008). Abnormal Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson.

- 6. Kearney, C. A. & Trull, T. J. (2012). Abnormal Psychology and Life: A dimensional approach. New Delhi: Cengage learning.
- 7. Kring, A.M., Johnson, S.L., Davison G.C. & Neale J.M. (2010). Abnormal Psychology (11th Ed.). NY: John Wiley.
- 8. Plante, T.G. () Contemporary Clinical Psychology John Wiley & Sons.
- 9. Riskind, J.H., Manos, M.J. and Alloy, L.B. (2004) Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives. McGraw Hill

#### BPYC-6404: APPLIED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**: To familiarize students with:

- 1. Situate the self in relation with the social world.
- 2. How Individuals think, feel and behave in social settings

**COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, students should be able appreciate/display:

1. The core motives that drive social behaviour.

#### MODULE-I: INTERPERSONAL ATTRACTION AND CLOSE RELATIONSHIPS

15 hours

Determinants of Attraction; Emotion, Proximity and Need for Affiliation, Interdependent Relationships with Family and Friends, Romantic Relationships, Marriage

#### **MODULE-II: SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR**

20 hours

Conformity, Compliance, Obedience, Pro-social Behaviour; explaining pro-social behaviour, Bystanders Effects

Perspectives on Aggression, Causes and factors of Human Aggression, The Prevention and Management of Aggression.

#### **MODULE- III: BEHAVIOUR IN GROUPS**

13 hours

Groups, Effects of the Presence of the Others, Social Loafing, Coordination in Groups, Decision Making by Groups

#### **MODULE-IV: SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY IN ACTION**

12 hours

Interpersonal Aspects of the Legal system, Health Related Behaviour, Social Psychology of Work, intergroup relations and conflict management,

- 1. Baron. R.A., Byrne, D & Bhardwaj. G (2010). Social Psychology (12th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson
- 2. Fiske, S, Taylor, S. (2008) Social cognition: From Brain to Culture
- 3. Baumeister, R.F., Bushman, B.J. (2008). Fundamentals of Social Psychology. Cengage Leaning. New Delhi.
- 4. Taylor, S.E., Peplau, L.A. & Sears, D.O. (2006). Social Psychology (12th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson
- 5. Misra, G. (1990) . Applied Social Psychology. New Delhi: Sage
- 6. Gilovich, T., Keltner, D., Chen, S. (2018). Social Psychology. W. W. Norton & Co.
- 7. Schneider, F.W., Gruman, J.A., Coutts, L.M. (2005). Applied Social Psychology: Understanding and Addressing Social and Practical Problems. Sage Publications.
- 8. Kite, M.E., Whitley Jr., B.E. (2016). Psychology of Prejudice and Discrimination. (3rd Ed.). Routledge.
- 9. Neuman, W.L. (2014). Social Research Methods: qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. (7th Ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 10. Tripathi, R.C., Singh, P (Ed.) (2016). Perspectives on Violence and Othering in India. (1st Ed.). Springer Nature.
- 11. Ross, L., Nisbett, R.E., Gladwell, M. (2011). The Person and the Situation: Perspectives of Social Psychology. (2nd Ed.). Pinter & Martin

- 12. Pandey, J. (2004). Psychology in India Revisited- Developments in the Discipline, Vol-3: Applied Social and Organizational Psychology. (1st Ed.). Sage India.
- 13. Kruglanski, A.W. & Higgins, E.T. (Ed.) (2003). Social Psychology: A General Reader (Key Readings in Social Psychology). (1st Ed.). Psychology Press.
- 14. Lorenz, K. (2012). On Aggression. (8th Ed.). Routledge Classics

#### BPYC-7401: COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. Interdisciplinary nature of Cognitive Psychology
- 2. Methods of Cognitive Psychologists
- 3. Emphasis on Models Vs Theory
- 4. Major domains of study within Cognitive Psychology.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Greater insight into the nature and complexity of cognitive processes
- 2. View of human beings as information processing organisms.
- 3. Importance of analogical thinking in model making.

#### **MODULE-I: PRESENTING PROBLEMS & METHODS OF COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Meaning and Definition of Cognitive Psychology A Brief history: from Structuralism to Cognitive revolution, Fundamental Questions: Relationship between mind and brain, Mental Representation and mental Processing, Domains of Cognitive Psychology

#### **MODULE-II: METHODS OF COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Research Methods to study Cognitive Psychology; Tests of Association & Dissociation, Behavioural methods, Correlational Neural methods, Causal Neural methods, Models: Process Models and Neural Network Models.

MODULE-III: PERCEPTION 15 hours

Nature of Perception, The case of visual perception, Bottom-up Perception, Visual Recognition Models; Template Matching, Feature-Matching, Recognition-by-Component, Configural Models, Top-Down perception and Context Effect, Models of Top-down Processing; Network Feedback Models, Bayesian Approaches

#### MODULE-IV: ATTENTION 15 hours

Selective Nature of Attention; Cocktail Party Effect, Broadbent's Filter Model, Problem with Early Selection, Treisman's Attenuation Model, Late Selection theories, Resource Models of Attention, Automaticity

- 1. Solso, R. L. (2014). Cognitive Psychology. (8th Ed.). New Delhi. Pearson Education India.
- 2. Parkin, A.J. (2015). Essential Cognitive Psychology. Psychology Press. East Sussex.
- 3. Solso, R., (2008). Experimental Psychology: A Case Approach (7th ed.). Pearson.
- 4. Woodworth, R.S., Schlosberg, H. (1971). Experimental Psychology. Oxford & Ibh Publishing.
- 5. Hansen, C., Myers, A. (2005). Experimental Psychology. Wadsworth Publishing Co.
- 6. Eysenck, M., & Keane, M. (2010). Cognitive psychology: A student's handbook (6th Ed.). Psychology Press.
- 7. Anderson, J. R. (2014). Cognitive Psychology and its Implications. (8<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Worth.
- 8. Harré, R. (2000). Cognitive Science: A Philosophical Introduction. Sage: London.
- 9. Baddeley, A., Eysenck, M.W., Anderson, M.C., (2014). Memory. (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.) Psychology Press.
- 10. Galotti, K.M. (2017). Cognitive Psychology In and Out of the Laboratory. (6<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Sage Publications.

- 11. Frankish, K. & Ramsey, W.M. (Ed.) (2012). The Cambridge Handbook of Cognitive Science. CUP.
- 12. Goldstein, E.B. (2018). Cognitive Psychology: Connecting Mind, Research, and Everyday Experience. (5<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc.

#### BPYC-7402: ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. The concepts related to Organizational Behaviour
- 2. Dynamic processes of Organizational Behaviour
- 3. Attributes of leadership

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. An understanding of human behaviour in an organizational context and how it can affect the success of the organization.
- 2. To develop an awareness of the concepts related to organizational behaviour.
- 3. Appreciate the characteristics of an effective leader

#### **MODULE I: FOUNDATIONS OF ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR**

15 hours

Nature, definitions and characteristics of Organizational Behaviour; Historical antecedents, Contemporary Trends, Issues and Challenges; Organizational Behaviour: Challenges and Scope in the Indian Setting

#### **MODULE II: INDIVIDUAL LEVEL PROCESSES**

15 hours

Employee attitudes: Organizational Commitment, Organizational Citizenship Behaviour; Work Motivation. Early theories: Maslow, McClelland, Two factor; Contemporary theories: Goal setting, Equity, Expectancy; Applications: Job Characteristics Model, Job redesign, Management Objective

#### **MODULE III: DYNAMICS OF ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR**

15 hour

Organizational Culture; Power and Politics: Influence, empowerment, sexual harassment, and Organizational politics; Social Cognition; Positive Organizational Behaviour

#### **MODULE IV: LEADERSHIP**

15 hours

Basic approaches: Trait theories, Behavioural theories, Contingency theories; Contemporary Issues: Inspirational approaches to leadership, Contemporary leadership roles, Challenges to the leadership construct; Indian perspective

- 1. Robbins, S. P. and Judge, T. A., Vohra, Neharika (2007). Organizational Behaviour (9<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Delhi: Dorling Kindersley
- 2. Greenberg, J. And Baron, R.A. (2007). Behaviour in Organizations (9<sup>th</sup> Ed.) India: Dorling Kindersley
- 3. Riggio, R.E. (2012). Introduction to Industrial/Organizational Psychology. (6<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Pearson.
- Srivastava, A.K.(1999). Management of occupational stress: theories and practice. New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House
- 5. Anderson, D.L. (2013) Organisational Development: The Process of Leading Organisational Change. (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.). Sage Publication.
- 6. Spector, P.E. (2016). Industrial and Organizational Psychology: Research and Practice. Willey.
- 7. Vandeveer, R.C., Menefee, M.L. (2005). Human Behaviour in Organisations. Pearson Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Chadha, N. K.(2007), Organizational Behaviour. New Delhi: Galgotia Publication.
- 9. Schultz, D.P., Shultz, S.E. (2009). Psychology and Work Today. (10<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Taylor & Francis Group.
- 10. Aamodt, M.G. (2013). Industrial Psychology. (7<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Cengage.

#### BPYC-7403: ADVANCED PSYCHOPATHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. Signs and symptoms associated with various classes of mental disorders.
- 2. Differential Diagnosis.
- 3. Relative efficiency of various psychological intervention techniques.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Knowledge of sign and symptoms associated with various classes of disorders.
- 2. Biological and environmental factors in various classes of disorder.
- 3. Appropriateness and use of various psychological techniques with respect to a said class of disorder.

#### UNIT-I: MOOD DISORDER 15 hours

Clinical Descriptions of Mood Disorders; Depressive Disorders and Bipolar Disorders; Causes and Treatment of Mood disorder; Depression and Bipolar disorders

#### **UNIT-II: SCHIZOPHRENIA SPECTRUM DISORDER**

15 hours

Clinical Description; Schizophrenia subtypes; Causes: Biological dimensions, Psychological and Social Contributions; Prognosis

#### **UNIT-III: PHYSICAL DISORDERS AND HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Psychological and Social factors that influence Health, Nature of Stress, Stress and the Immune System, Psychosocial Effects on Physical Disorders, Psychosocial Treatment of Physical Disorders; Biofeedback, Relaxation and Meditation

#### **PRACTICUM:** Related to BPYC7403

- 1. Barlow D.H. and Durand V.M. (2005). Abnormal Psychology: An Integrated Approach (4th Ed.). Wadsworth: New York.
- 2. Carson R.C., Butcher J.N., Mineka, S., & Hooley J.M. (2007). *Abnormal Psychology.* (13th Ed.).ND: Pearson Education.
- 3. Sarason, I.,G., Sarason, B. (2009). Abnormal Psychology: The Problems of Maladaptive Behaviour. (11th ed.) PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Bennett, P. (2006). Abnormal and Clinical Psychology: An introductory textbook. New York: Open University Press.
- 5. Brewer,K. (2001). Clinical Psychology. Oxford: Heinemann Educational Publishers Carson, R.C., Butcher,J.N.,Mineka,S.& Hooley,J.M. (2008). Abnormal Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson.
- 6. Kearney, C. A. & Trull, T. J. (2012). Abnormal Psychology and Life: A dimensional approach. New Delhi: Cengage learning.
- 7. Kring, A.M., Johnson, S.L., Davison G.C. & Neale J.M. (2010). Abnormal Psychology (11th Ed.). NY: John Wiley.
- 8. Plante, T.G. () Contemporary Clinical Psychology John Wiley & Sons.
- 9. Riskind, J.H., Manos, M.J. and Alloy, L.B. (2004) Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives. McGraw Hill

#### BPYC-8401: ADVANCED COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1P)

**COURSE OBJECTIVE:** Familiarize students with:

1. Role of cognitive processes in how we feel and think about the world.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 4. Greater insight into the nature and complexity of cognitive processes
- 5. View of human beings as information processing organisms.
- 6. Importance of analogical thinking in model making.

#### **MODULE-I: SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM MEMORY:**

20 hours

Short Term Memory; Serial Position Curve, Recency and STM capacity, Long term Recency; Constant ratio rule, Drugs and STM, Amnesia and Recency effects

Three Component model of LONG TERM MEMORY, Amnesia and Episodic-Semantic Distinction, Declarative Vs Procedural Memory, Implicit and Explicit Memory.

Models of Memory; Waugh & Norman, Atkinson & Shiffrin, Levels of Recall, Levels of Processing, Connectionist's model of memory.

#### **UNIT-II: KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION & MENTAL IMAGERY**

12 hours

The Representation of Knowledge, Knowledge as Proposition, Imagery as an Experimental Variable, The Dual Coding Hypothesis, Arguments against Mental Imagery, Imagery and Perception, Neuropsychological Evidence for Mental Imagery.

#### UNIT-III: THINKING, REASONING AND PROBLEM SOLVING

13 hours

Concept Formation, Logic, Inference and Deductive Reasoning, Syllogistic Reasoning, Decision Making

Problem Solving: StateG, Goals, and Operators, Heuristics, Analogy, Games and Expertise, Creativity, Human Intelligence.

PRACTICUM: Related to BPYC8401.

- 1. Solso, R. L. (2014). Cognitive Psychology. (8th Ed.). New Delhi. Pearson Education India.
- 2. Parkin, A.J. (2015). Essential Cognitive Psychology. Psychology Press. East Sussex.
- 3. Solso, R., (2008). Experimental Psychology: A Case Approach (7th ed.). Pearson.
- 4. Woodworth, R.S., Schlosberg, H. (1971). Experimental Psychology. Oxford & Ibh Publishing.
- 5. Hansen, C., Myers, A. (2005). Experimental Psychology. Wadsworth Publishing Co.
- 6. Eysenck, M., & Keane, M. (2010). Cognitive psychology: A student's handbook (6th Ed.). Psychology Press.
- 7. Anderson, J. R. (2014). Cognitive Psychology and its Implications. (8<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Worth.
- 8. Harré, R. (2000). Cognitive Science: A Philosophical Introduction. Sage: London.
- 9. Baddeley, A., Eysenck, M.W., Anderson, M.C., (2014). Memory. (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.) Psychology Press.
- 10. Galotti, K.M. (2017). Cognitive Psychology In and Out of the Laboratory. (6<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Sage Publications.

- 11. Frankish, K. & Ramsey, W.M. (Ed.) (2012). The Cambridge Handbook of Cognitive Science. CUP.
- 12. Goldstein, E.B. (2018). Cognitive Psychology: Connecting Mind, Research, and Everyday Experience. (5<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Wadsworth Publishing Co Inc.

#### BPYC-8402: HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The human resource issues in organizations
- 2. Build an organizational foundation on the strengths of its human resource.
- 3. Broader understanding of the core HR functions.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:**

By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. New ideas, methods and ways of thinking about people and work.
- 2. HRM related social, cultural, ethical and environmental responsibilities and issues in a global context.

#### **MODULE I: INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT**

15 hour

Concept of Human Resource Management, Strategic and traditional HRM, changing role and changing environment of HRM, Challenges of HR management: Individual and Competitiveness, balancing organizational demands and employees' concerns.

#### MODULE II: STRATEGY AND HUMAN RESOURCE PLANNING

15 hours

Strategy and Human resource planning; Vision, Mission and Values, Environmental analysis internal analysis, issues of HR in cultural transition.

#### **MODULE III: MEETING HR REQUIREMENTS**

15 hours

Job Analysis, Recruitment and Selection, Diversity and empowering employees, Performance Management, Career management and Talent Management and developing diverse talent pool, Competency assessment

#### **MODULE IV: INTERNATIONAL HRM**

15 hours

International HRM; Forms of IHRM/ Types of cross-national organizations (Domestic, International, Multinational, Global, Transnational), communication and team work and training issues in international work force.

- 1. Banfield, P., & Kay, R. (2011). Introduction to human resource management (2nd Ed.). New Delhi, India: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Bhatnagar, J., &Budhwar, J. (2009). The changing face of people management in India. London: Routledge.
- 3. Cascio W.F. & Aguinis H. (2008), Applied Psychology in Human Resource Management, 6th Edition, Printice-Hall, USA
- 4. DeCenzo, D. A., & Robbins, S. P. (2006). Fundamentals of human resource management (8th Ed.). NY: Wiley.
- 5. DeNisi, A. S., & Griffin, R. W. (2011). Managing human resources (4th Ed.). Boston: Cengage Press.

#### BPYC-8403: COUNSELLING PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. An understanding of basic concepts, processes, techniques of Counselling.
- 2. The challenges of Counselling.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. The importance of rapport building in counselling relationship
- 2. The various types and techniques of counselling
- 3. The scope and limitations of various counselling techniques.

#### **MODULE-I: FOUNDATIONS OF COUNSELLING**

15 hours

Meaning Nature and Goals of Counselling, History and Trends in Counselling; Personal and Professional Aspects of Counselling; Ethical and Legal Aspects of Counselling; Counselling in a Multicultural Society

#### **MODULE-II: THE COUNSELLING PROCESS**

15 hours

Stages of Counselling Building Counselling Relationship; Working in a Counselling Relationship: Initial Interview, Assessment; Termination of Counselling Relationship

#### **MODULE-III: COUNSELLING THEORIES AND TECHNIQUES**

15 hours

Individual Counselling Theory and Techniques: Psychoanalytic, Humanistic, Behavioural, Cognitive Approaches; Group Techniques; Counselling and Technology

#### MODULE-IV: DIVERSE FIELD OF APPLICATION

15 hours

Career Counselling; Marriage and Family Counselling; Child Counselling, School Counselling; Abuse and Disability Counselling; Mental Health and Community Counselling; Workplace Counselling; Existential Psychotherapy, Object Relations and Play based Therapy, Art based Therapy

- 1. Gladding, S.T. (2009). Counselling: A comprehensive profession (6th Ed.). New Delhi: Pearson India
- 2. Feltham, C., Horton, I. (2000). Handbook of Counselling and Psychotherapy. London: Sage.
- 3. Kottler, J., Shepard, D. (2014). Introduction to Counselling: Voices from the Field. (8th Ed.). Stamford: CT. Cengage.
- 4. Seligman, L., Reichenberg, L.W. (2013). Theories of Counselling and Psychotherapy: Systems, strategies and Skills. (4th Ed.) New Delhi. Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.
- 5. Nelson-Jones, R. (2012). Theory and Practice of Counselling & Therapy. (5th Ed.) Sage South
- 6. Yalom, I. D (2012). Love's Executioner and Other Tales of Psychotherapy (New Edition). New York: Basic Books
- 7. Whiston, S. (2016). Principles and Applications of Assessment in Counselling. (5th Ed.). Cengage Learning Custom Publishing.
- 8. Rogers, C., Farson, R. E. (1957) Active Listening. Chicago: Industrial Relations Center of The University of Chicago.

- 9. Jacobs, M. (1995). Key Figures in Counseling and Psychotherapy: D. W. Winnicott, Pg. 42-43. London: SAGE Publications.
- 10. Segal, J (2004). Key Figures in Counseling and Psychotherapy: Melanie Klein. London: Sage Publications.
- 11. Lane, M. R. (2005). Creativity and Spirituality in Nursing: Implementing art in healing. Gainesville: The Centre for Art and Healing, Education, and Research and the Degree for Spirituality and Health Care, University of Florida.
- 12. Remley Jr., T.P., Herlihy, B.P. (2015). Ethical, Legal, and Professional Issues in Counselling. (5th Ed.). Pearson Pvt Ltd.

## MINOR COURSES

#### **SEMESTER WISE LIST OF MINOR COURSES/ TABLE 05**

SEIVILSTER WISE LIST OF WINOR COORSES/ TABLE 05			
SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	CREDIT HOURS
1	GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY	BPYM-1401	3L+1T
II	EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY	BPYM-2401	3L+1T
III	HEATH PSYCHOLOGY	BPYM-3401	3L+1T
IV	YOUTH PSYCHOLOGY	BPYM-4401	3L+1T
V	PSYCHOLOGY OF DISABILITY	BPYM-5401	3L+1T
VI	COMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY	BPYM-6401	3L+1T
VII	SPORTS PSYCHOLOGY	BPYM-7401	3L+1T
VII	CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR	BPYM-8401	3L+1T

#### BPYM-1401: GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. Provide an overview of the basic concepts in psychology with an emphasis on applications of psychology in everyday life.
- 2. The idea of Psychology as a scientific discipline.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

1. Greater insight about the various domains of psychological functioning and the underlying mechanisms governing them. 2. How thinking, feeling and behaviour changes throughout a person's life.

#### **MODULE-I: ORIENTATION TO PSYCHOLOGY**

15 Hours

Concept of Psychology, Psychology as a Science, Goals of Psychology, Methods of Psychology, fields and applications of psychology

#### **MODULE-II: DOMAINS OF PSYCHOLOGY**

15 HOURS

Cognitive Processes: Learning, Memory and Problem Solving, Co-native Processes: Motivation, types of motives (Sociogenic/Psychogenic motives), Affective Processes: Emotion, Positive and negative emotion

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#### **MODULE-III: UNDERSTANDING DEVELOPMENTAL PROCESSES**

15 Hours

Cognitive Development – Piaget, Moral Development – Kohlberg, Psycho-social Development – Erikson

#### **MODULE-IV: APPLICATIONS OF PSYCHOLOGY**

15Hours

Work- Personnel selection, job analysis, job satisfaction, Law- eye witness, testimony/memory, jury decision making; and Health- components of health, social, emotional, cognitive, physical, Emotional intelligence, Assessment of intelligence and personality

- 1. Chadha, N.K. & Seth, S. (2014). The Psychological Realm: An Introduction. Pinnacle Learning, New Delhi.
- 2. Ciccarelli, S. K & Meyer, G.E (2008). Psychology (South Asian Edition). New Delhi: Pearson
- 3. Feldman.S.R.(2009).Essentials of understanding psychology (7th Ed.) New Delhi : Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. Glassman, W.E. (2000). Approaches to Psychology (3rd Ed.) Buckingham: Open University Press.
- 5. Michael ,W., Passer, Smith,R.E.(2007). Psychology The science of mind and Behavior. New Delhi :Tata McGraw-Hill.

#### BPYM-2401: EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT: 04 (3L+1T)

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. To understand of the relationship between Educational and Psychology
- 2. Describe the process of growth and development

**COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. Greater insight about the various teaching methods.
- 2. To enable learners to deal with various problems and issues related to student diversity in a classroom.

#### **MODULE-I: ORIENTATION TO EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY**

15 Hours

Concept, Nature and Scope of Educational Psychology, Relationship between Education and Psychology, Different Methods of Educational Psychology

#### **MODULE-II: GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT**

15 Hours

Conceptual Difference between Growth and development, Factors influencing Growth and development, Stages of development, Theories of development.

#### **MODULE-III: LEARNING AND MOTIVATION**

17 Hours

Concept, Nature and types, Theories of learning- Thorndike's Connectionism, Pavlov's Classical conditioning and Skinner's Operant conditioning

Definition and Nature of Motivation, Theories of Motivation; Relationship between Motivation and Learning

#### **MODULE-IV: EFFECTIVE TEACHING METHODS**

13Hours

Characteristics of effective teachers, Teaching Methods and issues related to technological Advances, Classroom management; Mentor-Mentee Relationship

- 1. Chauhan, S.S. (2007). Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas publishing House PVT. Ltd.
- 2. Chatterjee, S. K. (2002). Advance Educational Psychology. Calcutta: Books and Allied PVT. Ltd.
- 3. Woolfolk, A. (2019). Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson education.
- 4. Daniels, H.(2003). The Routledge Falmer Reader in Psychology of Education. Routledge.
- 5. Mangal, S.K.(2002). Advanced Educational Psychology. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. ltd.
- 6. Woolfolk, A., Kapur, P.(2019). Educational Psychology. (14th ed.). Pearson India.
- 7. Hall, K., Goswami, U., Harrison, C.(2010). Interdisciplinary Perspectives on Learning to Read: Culture, Cognition and Pedagogy. Routledge.

#### BPYM-3401: HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04(3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The relationship between the psychological factors and physical health and learn how to enhance well-being.
- 2. The Sympathetic and Parasympathetic nervous system and its connection to health and well being

#### **COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. Health and wellbeing- social, emotional, intellectual, physical
- 2. The origination of stress 3. Techniques of dealing with effective methods 4. Promotion of behaviour s leading to better quality of life

#### **MODULE-I: UNDERSTANDING HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Introduction to Health Psychology; components of health: social, emotional, cognitive and physical aspects; mind-body relationship; goals of health psychology, Bio-psychological model of health; The Autonomic Nervous System: Sympathetic and Parasympathetic

#### **MODULE -II: BEHAVIOUR AND HEALTH:**

15 hours

Characteristics of health behaviour; Barriers to health behaviour; Theories of healthY behaviour and their implications.

#### **MODULE-III: STRESS AND HEALTH**

15 hours

Nature, Sources, types of Stress, Effects of stress on physical and mental health; Coping with Stress and stress management

#### **MODULE-IV: HEALTH MANAGEMENT:**

15 hours

Health- enhancing behaviour: Exercise, Nutrition, safety, managing and controlling pain. Health Protective behaviours, Illness Management

- 1. Allen, F. (2011) Health Psychology and Behaviour (Tata McGraw Hill Edition). India: Tata McGraw Hill Education India.
- 2. Gartner, Leslie P. (2011) The Autonomic Nervous System: Made Ludicrously Simply. London: Jen Publishing House Company.
- 3. Dimatteo, M.R., & Martin, L.R. (2007). Health Psychology. Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 4. Misra, G (2010). Psychology in India, Volume
- 5: Clinical and Health Psychology. New Delhi: Pearson Education. 5. Sarafino, E.P. (2019) Health psychology: Bio psychosocial interactions (9th Ed., Asian Edition) Singapore: John Wiley.
- 6. Taylor, S.E. (2018) Health Psychology (10th Ed., Indian Edition). New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill. 7. Straub, R. (2016). Health Psychology: A Biopsycholosocial Approach. (5th Ed.). Worth.

#### BPYM-4401: YOUTH PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L +1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** to familiarize students with:

- 1. The notion of youth
- 2. The factors that influence youth cultures and identity and issues concerning the youth

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate/display:

- 1. An understanding about concept of youth Psychology and its relevance in present time.
- 2. A greater insight about various issues and challenges faced by the youth.

#### MODULE-I: INTRODUCTION TO YOUTH PSYCHOLOGY

15 hours

Defining youth Psychology and Youth, Concern and relevance of youth psychology, Youth across cultures, Formulation of youth identity, Gender identity, Gender roles, Sexual orientation

#### **MODULE-II: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES RELATED TO YOUTH**

15 hours

Health issues of young people, Risk taking behavior (drug abuse, Delinquency, sexuality and Suicide) Employment and education, Youth, Gender and Violence.

#### **MODULE-III: YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AND CULTURE**

15 hours

Concept of Youth Development, Concept of youth culture, Factors that influence youth development and culture, Influence of Globalization on youth Identity, youth culture in Indian context.

#### **MODULE-IV: POSITIVE YOUTH DEVELOPMENT**

15 hours

Concept of positive youth development, Personal and social assets that facilitate positive youth development, Building resources – hope, optimism and resilience.

- 1. Agochia, D. (2010). Life competencies for Adolescents: Training Manual for Facilitators, Teachers and Parents. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 2. Baron, R.A., Byrne, D. & Bhardwaj (2010). Social Psychology (12th Ed). New Delhi: Pearson
- 3. Berk, L. E. (2010). Child Development (9th Ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 4. Brown, B. B., R. Larson, & T. S. Saraswathi. (2002). The world's youth: Adolescence in eight regions of the globe. New York: Cambridge University Press. (Chapters 1 & 2).
- 5. Carr, A. (2004), Positive Psychology: The Science of Happiness and Human Strength, Brunner Routledge

#### BPYM-5401: PSYCHOLOGY OF DISABILITY CREDIT HOURS: 4 (3L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. An overview of disability from the psychological perspective.
- 2. Knowledge about disability as a social, cultural, historical and political phenomenon.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. Factors that affect a person's experience of disability.
- 2. Differentiate between attitudes and approaches towards the subject of disability

#### **MODULE-I: CONCEPTUALIZING DISABILITY**

15 hours

Introduction to Disability, Beliefs and attitudes towards disability, Definitional conundrum, Diagnosis and assessment and its critique. Types of Disability

#### **MODULE-II: UNDERSTANDING DISABILITY POLICY**

15 hours

Understanding Disability Policy in India: Equal opportunities Bill, Rehabilitation Council of India, National Trust. Issues of language and its consequent labelling: How disability gets constructed: the power of language

#### **MODULE-II: MAKING A DISABLED IDENTITY**

15 hours

Documenting Disability: Problems of Certification. Issues of Access: Built and Psychological, Issues of Education and Employment. Family, Care & Support Structures. Intimacy and Sexuality: Marriage, Companion relationships.

#### **MODULE-III: DESIGNING INTERVENTION**

15 hours

Legislations, Psychotherapeutic approaches. Appreciating heterogeneity of different disabilities. Contemporary debates: euthanasia and prenatal

- 1. Chib, M. (2011). One Little Finger. New Delhi: Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Dalal A .K &MisraGirishwar (2010). The Core and Context of Indian Psychology Psychology and Developing Societies, 22, (1), 121–155
- 3. Dalal, A.K. (2000a). Social attitudes and rehabilitation of people with disability: The Indian experience. Arab Journal of Rehabilitation, 5, 15-21.
- 4. Dalal, A.K. (2000b). Living with a Chronic Disease: Healing and Psychological Adjustment in Indian Society. Psychology and Developing Societies, 12: 67-82.
- 5. Dalal, A. K. (2002). Disability rehabilitation in a tradition Indian society. In M. Thomas and M. J. Thomas. (eds), Selected readings in community based rehabilitation, Series 2, Asia Pacific Disability Rehabilitation Journal, 1, 17-26.
- 6. Dalal, A. K., & Pande, N. (1999). Cultural beliefs and family care of the children with disability. Psychology and Developing Societies, (11), 55–75.
- 8. Ghai, A. (2015). Rethinking Disability in India. India: Routldge.

#### BPYM-6401: COMMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The link between individuals and communities and deal with social issues more effectively with people's participation
- 2. Conception of violence at the margins of society and its healing

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. The importance of the sense of belongingness to a community for an individual
- 2. What a community that promotes mental health may look like
- 3. The place and agency of an individual within the community
- 4. The place of conflict in a community

#### **MODULE-I: UNDERSTANDING COMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Definition, nature and scope of community psychology; types of communities, Levels of communities, Importance of communities, Emerging trends in Community Psychology, Scope of Community Psychology

#### **MODULE-II: CORE VALUES**

15 hours

Individual and family wellness; sense of community; respect for human diversity; social justice; empowerment and citizen participation; collaboration and strengths based approach to community;

#### **MODULE-III: COMMUNITY RESEARCH**

15 hours

Aims of Community Research, Questions for conducting Community inquiry, Philosophy of Science for Community Psychology Research, Social issues in Community research, Qualitative and Quantitative methods of community research

#### **MODULE-IV: COMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY INTERVENTIONS**

15 hours

Introduction to prevention and promotion; Concepts for understanding prevention and promotion, Issues in implementing Programmes, Community and Social change; Elements of Effective Community Change initiatives

- 1. Delhi: Contributions to Indian Sociology, SAGE Publications.
- 2. Guru, Gopal (2011). *Humiliation: Claims and Context*. New Delhi; Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Scheper- Huges, Nancy (1995). The Primacy of the Ethical: Propositions for a militant anthropology. Current Anthropology Vol. 36: The University of Chicago Press.
- 4. Carling, Paul (1995) *Return to Community: Building support systems for people with psychiatric disabilities.* New York: Guilford Press.
- 5. Hogan, Michael F. & Carling, Paul J. (1992) Normal Housing: A key element of a supported housing approach for people with psychiatric disabilities. Community Mental Health Journal 28(3).
- 6. Sambandh Health Foundation (2018). A Framework for Mental Health System. URL: https://sambandhhealth.org/aframeworkformentalhealthsystem
- 7. Banerjee, A., Banerji, R., Duflo, E., Glenneske, R., &Khenani, S. (Ed.)(2006). Can Information Campaign start local participation and improve outcomes? A study of primary education in Uttar Pradesh, India. World Bank Policy Research: Working Paper No.3967.

#### BPYM-7401: SPORTS PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. The development of sports psychology as an independent discipline with its multidimensional perspective.
- 2. The relationship of personality, motivation and situational factors with performance on individual and team events.
- 3. The role of training and other psychological interventions towards performance enhancement in sports.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** At the end of the Course, the student should be able to display/appreciate:

- 1. Knowledge regarding the various psychological challenges sports persons may face and how to overcome them.
- 2. The importance of personality factors in ensuring sporting success.

#### **MODULE I: INTRODUCTION TO SPORTS PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Definition, Nature and Scope. Brief history of Sports Psychology: International and Indian Perspectives, Role of Sport Psychologist. Behavioral Principles and their applications in sports; Individual differences and Sports Performance; Motor Skills Learning. Attention, Focusing and concentration.

#### **MODULE II: ANXIETY, STRESS AND BURNOUT IN SPORTS**

15 hours

Anxiety, Stress and Burn-out in Sports; A brief Introduction, Case Studies, Coping Strategies and Interventions. Managing failures. Motivation: Concepts, Models and Applications. Goal Setting, Assessment and management of Anxiety, Stress and Burn-out in Sports

MODULE III: LEADERSHIP

15 hours

Concept of Leadership, Leadership Types, Measurement and relevance to Sports Performance. Developing Self Efficacy. Leadership in sports. Team Cohesion and Team Building. Dynamics of Coaching. Elite athletes, Women Athletes and Disabled Players.

#### **MODULE IV: MAJOR PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS**

15 hours

Sports Injury and rehabilitation, Drug Abuse, Values and Ethics in Sports. Culture of health exercise and sports. Sports and Media. Psychological Skills Training and Effective Intervention Programs: Imagery Training, Biofeedback, Music and Progressive muscular relaxation therapy. Yoga for sportspersons.

- 1. David L., John Krener, Aidan P. Moran and Mark Williams (1994). Sports Psychology: Contemporary Themes.
- 2. Mohan, J. (2012). Sports Psychology: Emerging Horizons, New Delhi: Friends Publishers.
- 3. Mohan, J. and Sehgal, M. (2005). Readings in Sports Psychology. New Delhi: Friends.
- 4. Moran, A.P. (1998). The Psychology of Concentration. East Sussex: Psychology Press.
- 5. Murphy, S.M. (1995). Sports Psychological Interventions. Champaign: Human Kinetics.
- 6. Nicholas T. Gallucci (2008). Sports Psychology. New York: The Psychology Press.
- 7. Richard, H. Cox (2002). Sports Psychology. New York: Palgrave Macmillan (eighth edition).

#### BPYM-8401: CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L + 1T)

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. How consumer characteristics determine marketing strategies.
- 2. What factors influence consumer's perception of a product?

**COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. The knowledge about how markets are segmented based on consumer characteristics.
- 2. The knowledge about how consumers actively seek out products to satisfy not only their utilitarian needs but also psychological needs.
- 3. knowledge about factors that influence the effectiveness of a communication message.

#### **MODULE I: INTRODUCTION OF CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR**

15 hours

Concept, Nature and Types of Consumer behaviour, Origin of Consumer Behaviour, Types of Consumer Behaviour, Effective Consumer Behaviour, Current trends in Consumer behaviour, Factors affecting Consumer Behaviour

#### **MODULE II: INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES IN CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR**

15 Hours

Perceptual Factors; Selection, Organisation and Interpretation of product related information, Attitudes towards consumption, Motivation; Needs and Goals and Significance, Types of motives, Evaluation of Maslow's Needs Hierarchy theory

#### **MODULE III: COMMUNICATION PROCESS**

15 hours

Concept of Communication process, types of Communication; The Receivers as the target audience, The Media as the channels for transmitting Messages, Designing Persuasive Messages through advertisements

#### **MODULE IV: CONSUMER DECISION MAKING PROCESS**

15 hours

Types of Consumer Decisions, Consumer Decision making Process, Problem recognition, Information search, Alternative Evaluation, Purchase selection, Post purchase Evaluation, Buying pattern in new digital era

- 1. Schiffman L.G, Kanuk L. L, Kumar S. R (2010): Consumer Behaviour (10<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Delhi. Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Loudon, D. L. & Bitta, A. J. (2000): Consumer Behaviour: Concepts and applications (4th International Ed). New York: McGraw Hill.
- 2. Kassarjian, H.K., Robertson, T. S. (1991). Perspective in Consumer Behaviour (4th Ed.). London: Prentice Hall International
- 3. Kenneth E. R., Stewart, D. W. (1987). Consumer Behaviour: And the practice of marketing (3rd Ed.). Columbus: Merill Pub. Co.
- 4. Avery, Kozinets, Mittal. (2021). Consumer Psychology: Consumer Behaviour. One Mentis.
- 5. Bagozzi, R., Gurhan-Canli, Z., Priester, J.R. (2002). The Social Psychology of Consumer Behaviour. Open University Press.
- 5. Monga, A., Bagchi, R.(2019). Becoming a Consumer Psychologist. Routledge.

# SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

#### SEMESTER WISE LIST OF SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES/ TABLE 06

SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	CREDIT DISTRIBUTION
I	EFFECTIVE DECISION MAKING	BPYS-1301	2L+1P
II	DEVELOPING EMOTIONAL COMPETENCE	BPYS-2301	2L+1P
III	STRESS MANAGEMENT	BPYS-3301	2L+1P

#### BPYS-1301: EFFECTIVE DECISION MAKING CREDIT HOURS: 03 (2L +1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

1. The different facets of decision making

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

1. various strategies which will enable them to make good decisions

#### **MODULE-I: FOUNDATIONS OF DECISION MAKING**

15 hours

Meaning and nature of decision making. Models of decision making-Stages and process. Importance of making good decisions; Decision making skills, Discovering self and creating a healthy acceptance of self;

#### MODULE-II: DECISION MAKING IN INTERPERSONAL CONTEXT AND CAREER:

15 hours

Conflict management in interpersonal relations; Negotiation in Interpersonal Conflict, Handling difficult People and finding Solutions.

Learning to connect with self with vocational choices/career. Decisions regarding career:

#### PRACTICUM: Related to BPYS1301

- 1. Plous, S.(1993). The Psychology of Judgement and Decision Making. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 2. Adler, R.B & Proctor, R.F (2009). Communication Goals and Approaches. Wadsworth Cengage Learning, India
- 3. Chadha, N.K. & Bhatia, H. (2014). Career Development-different voices, different choices. The Readers Paradise: New Delhi.
- 4. Sherfield, R.M., Montgomery, R.J., & Moody, P.G. (2009). Developing soft skills. Pearson Education, India.
- 5. Kahneman, D.(2015). Thinking, Fast and Slow. Penguin UK.
- 6. Minda, J.P.(2020). Psychology of Thinking: Reasoning, Decision-Making and Problem-Solving(2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Sage.

#### BPYS-2301: DEVELOPING EMOTIONAL COMPETENCE CREDIT HOURS: 3L (2L +1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

1. The concept of emotional intelligence and learn ways of developing it.

#### **COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

- 1. An awareness of their inner world as different, but relating to their outer world.
- 2. Through expressive arts and group session, the processing of their emotions.

#### **MODULE-I: INTRODUCTION:**

15 hours

Emotional Intelligence; Models of Emotional Intelligence; EQ competencies: self- awareness, self-regulation, motivation, empathy, and interpersonal skills; Importance of Emotional Intelligence

Managing

#### **MODULE-II: MANAGING EMOTIONS:**

15 hours

Understanding and managing emotions, thought and behaviour; Flow and the optimal experience Techniques to manage emotions, Handling Relationships, Conflict Management, Effective Leadership

PRACTICUM: Related to BPYS2301

- 1. Lane, Mary Rockwood (2005). Creativity and Spirituality in Nursing: Implementing art in healing. Gainesville: The Centre for Art and Healing, Education, and Research and the Degree for Spirituality and Health Care, University of Florida.
- 2. Bar-On, R (2011). The handbook of Emotional Intelligence. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass.
- 3. Goleman, D. (1995). Emotional Intelligence. New York: Bantam Books.
- 4. Goleman, D. (1998). Working with Emotional Intelligence. New York: Bantam Books.
- 5. Csikszentmihalyi, Mihaly (2009). *Flow: The psychology of optimal experience*. New York: Harper and Row.
- 6. Singh, D. (2015). *Emotional Intelligence at Work: A professional guide* (4<sup>th</sup> revised Ed.) Mathura Road, New Delhi; Thousand Oaks, California: SAGE.

#### BPYS-3301: STRESS MANAGEMENT CREDIT HOURS: 3L (2L +1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. How to identify stress and its effects on our health
- 2. How we experience stress in everyday life.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate:

1. Skills to monitor the impact of stressful situation and apply coping strategies in manage every day stress more effectively.

#### **MODULE-I: UNDERSTANDING STRESS**

15 hours

Stress and stressors, Nature, symptoms, sources of stress: environmental, social, physiological and psychological, Effects of stress on physical and mental health, Eustress; Building resilience, Hope, Optimism

#### **MODULE-II: APPROACHES TO MANAGING STRESS**

15 hours

Problem focused and emotion focused approaches

Methods - yoga, meditation, relaxation techniques, mindfulness, exercise, music

PRACTICUM: Related to BPYS3301

- 1. Carr, A. (2004). Positive Psychology: The science of happiness and human strength.UK: Routledge.
- 2. DiMatteo, M.R. & Martin, L.R.(2002). Health psychology. New Delhi: Pearson
- 3. Neiten, W. & Lloyd, M.A (2007). Psychology applied to Modern life. Thomson
- 4. Sarafino, E.P. (2002). Health psychology: Bio psychosocial interactions (4th Ed.).NY: Wiley).
- 5. Baum, A., Revensen, T.A., Singer, J. (2011). Stress, Health and Illness: Handbook of Health Psychology.
- 6. Folkman, S., Nathan, P.E. (2010). The Oxford Handbook of Stress, Health, and Coping. OUP.
- 7. Ross, R., Altmaier, E.M. (1994). Intervention in Occupational Stress: A Handbook of counselling for Stress at Work. Sage Publications.
- 8. Orford,J.(2008).Community Psychology: Challenges, Controversies and Emerging Consensus. John Wiley and Sons.
- 9. Schabracq,M.J, Winnubst, J,A.M.,Cooper,C.L.(2003). Handbook of Work and Health Psychology.(2<sup>nd</sup>ed.),John Wiley and Sons.

## MULTIDISCIPLINARY COURSES

#### SEMESTER WISE LIST OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY COURSES TABLE 07

SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	CREDIT DISTRIBUTION
I	PSYCHOLOGY OF HEALTH AND WELLBEING	BPYG-1401	3L+1T
II	PSYCHOLOGY OF PEACE	BPYG-2401	3L+1T
III	PSYCHOLOGY AND MEDIA	BPYG-3401	3L+1T

#### BPYG-1401: PSYCHOLOGY OF HEALTH AND WELLBEING CREDIT HOURS: 03 (2L+1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** Familiarize students with:

1. To understand the spectrum of health and illness for better health management.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

1. Greater insight about the various teaching methods and issues related to technological advances

#### **MODULE-I: HEALTH, WELL BEING AND ILLNESS**

11 Hours

Concept of Health, Well-being and Illness, Continuum and Models of health and illness: Medical, Biopsychosocial, holistic health; health and wellbeing.

#### **MODULE-II: STRESS AND COPING**

11 Hours

Nature and sources of stress; Effects of stress on physical and mental health; Coping and stress management, stress management techniques

#### **MODULE-III: HEALTH MANAGEMENT**

12 Hours

Health-enhancing behaviours: Exercise, Nutrition, Health compromising behaviours; Health Protective behaviours, Illness Management

#### **MODULE-IV: HUMAN STRENGTHS AND LIFE ENHANCEMENT**

11 Hours

Classification of human strengths and virtues; cultivating inner strengths: Hope and optimism; gainful Employment and Me/We Balance

- 1. Carr, A. (2004). Positive Psychology: The science of happiness and human strength.UK: Routledge.
- 2. DiMatteo, M.R. & Martin, L.R. (2002). Health psychology. New Delhi: Pearson.
- 3. Forshaw, M. (2003). Advanced Psychology: Health Psychology. London: Hodder and Stoughton.
- 4. Hick, J.W. (2005). Fifty signs of Mental Health. A Guide to understanding mental health. Yale University Press.
- 5. Misra,G. (1999).Stress and Health. New Delhi: Concept.
- 6. Sarafino, E.P. (2002). Health psychology: Bio psychosocial interactions (4th Ed.).NY: Wiley.
- 7. Snyder, C.R., &Lopez, S.J.(2007). Positive psychology: The scientific and practical explorations of human strengths. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- 8. Taylor, S.E. (2006). Health psychology, 6th Edition. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.

#### BPYG-2401: PSYCHOLOGY OF PEACE

CREDIT HOURS: 03 (2L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To familiarize students with:

1. The concepts of peace and conflict from a psychological perspective.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

1. Awareness about national and international peace and conflict process and how psychology can play an important role.

#### **MODULE-I: ORIENTATION TO PEACE PSYCHOLOGY**

11 Hours

Meaning of peace, psychology of peace; management to transformation - key concepts: peacekeeping, peacebuilding, reconciliation, conflict management, conflict resolution, conflict prevention, and conflict transformation.

#### MODULE-II: PSYCHOLOGICAL UNDERSTANDING OF PEACE AND CONFLICT

12 Hours

Psychoanalytical - Freud, Social-Psychological – Herbert C. Kelman, Vollhardt & Bilali, Marc Howard Ross.

#### **MODULE-III: BUILDING PEACE**

11 Hours

Structure, Process, Integrated framework for peace building, peace education, Psychological perspectives on Peace and Conflict.

#### **MODULE IV: PEACE AND MENTAL HEALTH**

11 Hours

Regional politics and unrest, Strategies for cross community peace making; love, peace and happiness; Stories of peace and challenges

- 1. Bose, S. (2005). Kashmir at the Crossroads: Problems and Possibilities, In Das, S. K. (Ed.) Peace Process and Peace Accord, 142-171, New Delhi: Sage.
- 2. Cheistie, D. J., Hare, A. P., &Winter, D. D. (2001). Peace, Conflict and Violence: Peace Psychology for the 21st Century. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall.
- 3. CQ Researchers (2011). Issues in Peace and Conflict Studies, New Delhi, Sage.
- 4. Das, S. K. (2005). Nobody's Comminique: Ethnic Accords in North-East. In Das, S. K. (Ed.) Peace Process and Peace Accord, pp120-141, New Delhi: Sage.
- 5. Delahaye, P., & Krishnan, B. (2003). Imagine Nagaland: The Courage to be Positive, In Sampson, C., Abu-Nimer, M., et al. (Ed.) Positive Approaches to Peacebuilding, pp169-186, Washington, DC: Pact Publications.
- 6. Fox, M. A. (2014). Understanding Peace: A Comprehensive Introduction, New York, Routledge.
- 7. Freud, S. (1930). Civilization and its Discontents, Penguin Books Ltd.
- 8. Galtung, J., Jacobsen, C. G., & Brand-Jacobsen, K. F. (2002). Searching for Peace: The Road to Transcend, London: Pluto Press.

- 9. Gurumayum, L. (2007). The role of Manipuri Women in Crisis Management during the Extension of Ceasefire between the Government of India and NSCN (IM) without Territorial Limits, WISCOMP Perspectives, 25.
- 10. Hasan, M. (2005).Improving India-Pakistan Relations, In Das, S. K. (Ed.) Peace Process and Peace Accord, pp 25-253, New Delhi: Sage.
- 11. Jeong, H, W. (2008). Understanding Conflict and Conflict Analysis. New Delhi: Sage.
- 12. Kelman, H. C. (2015). A Social-Psychological Approach to Conflict Analysis and Resolution, In Sandole, D. J. D., Byrne, S., et al. Handbook of Conflict Analysis and Resolution, South Asia: Routledge.
- 13. Lederach, J. P. (2004). Building Peace: Sustainable Reconciliation in Divided Societies, Washington, DC: United States Institute of Peace.
- 14. Ross, M. H. (2001). Psychocultural Interpretations and Dramas: Identity Dynamics in Ethnic Conflict. Political Psychology, 22 (1), 157-178.
- 15. Volkan, D. V. (1985). The Need to Have Enemies and Allies: A Developmental Approach. Political Psychology, 6(2), 219-247.
- 16. Vollhardt, J. K. &Bilali, R. (2008). Social Psychology Contribution to the Psychological Study of Peace. Social Psychology, 39 (1), 12-25.
- 17. Wallensteen, P. (2006). Understanding Conflict Resolution: War, Peace and the Global System, London: Sage.
- 18. Webel, C., & Galtung, J. (2007). Handbook of Peace and Conflict Studies. New York, Routledge

#### BPYG-3401: MEDIA PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 03 (2L + 1T)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:** Familiarize students with:

- 1. The effect of Media on human behaviour and understand.
- 2. The use of media in education, developing skills and building relationship.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

 The Assessing critically of the psychological process related to various dimensions of the Media world

#### MODULE-I: ORIENTATION TO MEDIA PSYCHOLOGY

11 Hours

Definition of media, Media Psychology, Understanding interface between Media and psychology, Benefits of media psychology, Role of media in social and behavioural Change

#### **MODULE-II: MEDIA AND ADVERTISING**

12 Hours

Role of psychology in advertising, cognitive and behavioural effect of advertising, Advertising and. Children: fantasy vs. reality; developing an effective advertising program, case studies in Indian Context

#### MODULE- III: AUDIOVISIUAL MEDIA (TV & MOVIES) AND PRINT MEDIA

11 hours

Nature and their impact; Developmental issues- socialization, violence and cybercrime; Videogames; Use and misuse of media, Internet addiction,

#### **MODULE-IV: CHILDREN AND MEDIA**

11 Hours

Fantasy vs. Reality, script and schema explanation, children's socialization through media, Influence on adolescent body image, Effect of watching media violence, Attitude formation, Persuasion and prejudice.

- 1. Giles, D. (2003). Media Psychology. New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum Associate publishers.
- 2. Gahlowt, R. (2016). *Introduction to Media Psychology* (1<sup>st</sup> Edition). Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Cull, N. J., Culburt, D. H. & Welsh, D. (2003). *Propaganda and Mass Persuasion: A historical encyclopedia*. Santa Barbara, California: ABC-CLIO.
- 4. Dill, K.E.(2014). The Oxford Handbook of Media Psychology. OUP USA.
- 5. Zillmann, D., Vorderer, P.(2000). Media Entertainment: The Psychology of its Appeal. Routledge.
- 6. McMahon, C.(2019). The Psychology of Social Media. Routledge.
- 7. Whiteley, C.(2023). Social Media Psychology: A Guide to Clinical Psychology, Cyberpsychology and Depression. CGD Publishing.

# VALUE ADDED COURSES:

#### SEMESTER WISE LIST OF VALUE ADDED COURSES/ TABLE 08

SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	CREDIT DISTRIBUTION
I	Panchkosha: Holistic Development of Personality	BPYV-1401	3L+1T
II	Understanding Self	BPYV-2401	3L+1T
III	Psychology of Happiness	BPYV-3201	2L

#### BPYV-1401: PANCHKOSHA: HOLISTIC DEVELOPMENT OF PERSONALITY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. Five Koshas five levels of mind-body complex-Annamaya, Pranayama, Manomaya, Vigyanamaya and Anandamaya Kasha; for a holistic development of personality.
- 2. Generate awareness about physical and mental wellbeing through the Indian concept of Panchkosha.
- 3. Develop a positive attitude towards self, family and society amongst students.
- 4. Guide students build personalities based on the understanding of Panchkosha.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** At the end of the course, students should be able to display/appreciate:

- 1. Enhanced physical and mental health.
- 2. Coping with peer pressures and stress.
- 3. Improved concentration leading to better overall performance.
- 4. Manage life situations through a balanced and mature approach.

#### **UNIT-I: ELEMENTS OF PERSONALITY**

15 Hours

PanchaKosha: Introduction; Five aspects of Human Personality: Annamaya Kasha (Physical body), Pranamaya Kosha (Vital life force energy), Manomaya Kosha (Psychological wellness), Vijnanamaya Kosha (Intellect), Anandamaya Kosha (Happiness and Blissfulness); Health: Mental and Physical

#### UNIT-II: ANNAMAYA KOSHA AND PRANAMAYA KOSHA

15 Hours

Human Body and Pancha Karmendriyas; Annamaya Kosha: Balanced diet and exercise for healthy body; Pranamaya Kosha: Development of life force, Pranayam; Charucharya: Social Etiquettes

#### UNIT-III: MANOMAYA KOSHA AND VIJNANAMAYA KOSHA

15 Hours

Antahkarana and its functions; Pancha Gyanendriyas; Manomaya Kosha: Controlling the Mana (mind); Vijnanamaya Kasha: Ability of discretion and decision making

#### **UNIT-IV: ANADAMAYA KOSHA AND BEYOND**

15 Hours

Anandamaya Kosha: Experience of happiness .and bliss; Self-realisation, Nature of Consciousness: Sat-Chit-Ananda

- 1. Iyengar, B.K.S. (2021). Yoga The Path to Holistic Health: The Definitive Step-by-step Guide, Dorling Kingsley, London.
- 2. Sartain, C.(2015). The Sacred Science of Yoga & The Five Koshas. Createspace Independent Pub.
- 3. Subramuniyaswami, S.S.(2023). Merging with Siva: Hinduism's Contemporary Metaphysics. Motilal Banarasidas.
- 4. Sharma, S.Koshas of the Human Body-The Inner World. Notion Press Media Pvt. Ltd.

#### BPYV-2401: UNDERSTANDING SELF CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1T)

#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. This course aims to develop social and emotional awareness in students and initiate them towards better personal and social well-being.
- 2. To create an awareness towards self, others, the environment and their harmonious coexistence.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:** By the end of the course students should be able to display/appreciate:

- 1. Students will be able to become aware of oneself and the society.
- 2. Make informed lifestyle choices and extend the self in the joy of giving.
- 3. Develop empathy, compassion, connect with nature and evolve emotionally to create a more harmonious society.
- 4. Cultivate sensitivity towards discriminatory practices and explore possible solutions.

#### **UNIT-I: SELF AWARENESS AND HAPPINESS**

15 Hours

Getting to Know Oneself; Nature of Happiness: Outer vs Inner Sources of Happiness, Joy of Giving, Gratitude, Altrusim

#### **UNIT-II: SOCIAL RELATIONSHIP**

15 Hours

Sharing vs Power: Peers, Family and Society; The Value of Silence and Reflection; Practice of Mindfulness

#### **UNIT-III: UNDERSTANDING IDENTITY**

15 Hours

Gender and Gender Identity; Agender, Bigender, Transgender, Nonconforming, Identity Construction and Expression: Individual and Collective; Accepting and Valuing Oneself Identity Formation and identity crisis Gender Discrimination

#### **UNIT-IV: LIFESTYLE CHOICES AND STRESS**

15 Hours

Career Choices; Career Pressures, Examinations; Examination Stress, Dealing with Disappointment, Coping Skills, Health and Fitness; Connect With Nature:

- 1. Black, Donna Lord (2022). Essentials of Social and Emotional Learning (SEL). NJ: Wiley.
- 2. Goleman, Daniel (2005). Emotional Intelligence. USA: Bantam
- 3. Natu, S.(2021). Psychology and Gender. Sage.
- 4. Ibarra, H.(2023). Working Identity: Unconventional Strategies for Reinventing Your Career. Harvard Business Review Press.
- 5. Kakar, S.(2007). Indian Identity: Three Studies in Psychology. Penguin.
- 6. Glasser, W.(1999). Choice Theory: A New Psychology of Personal Freedom. Harper Perennial.

#### **BPYV-3201: PSYCHOLOGY OF HAPPINESS**

**CREDIT HOURS:** 02 (2L)

#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize students with:

- 1. Develop a well-rounded concept of Happiness
- 2. Develop a deeper understanding of one self
- 3. Appreciate the value of interpersonal relationship in augmenting happiness
- 4. Develop a positive attitude towards life in general

#### **COURSE OUTCOME**: By the end of the course students should be able to display/appreciate:

- 1. Various aspects and characteristics of happiness.
- 2. The role played by brain processes, thoughts.
- 3. The importance of relationship in experience of happiness.
- 4. Other closely related emotions that affect our experience of happiness.

#### **UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY OF HAPPINESS**

15 Hours

Concept and Philosophy of Happiness; Types of Happiness; Components of Happiness-Pleasant, Good, Meaningful; Levels of Happiness

Happiness hormones; FUNCTION OF BRAIN, ; Mental Attitude and Orientation; Positive Thinking

#### **UNIT-IV: VALUES AND HAPPINESS**

15 Hours

Dynamics of relationship; Family, Workplace, Romantic relationship, Marriage and Happiness, Values and Happiness; Trust, Respect, Gratitude, Empathy, Care, Humility, Commitment, Generosity, Simplicity, Kindness, **RECCOMENDED TEXTS**:

- 1. Compton, W.C., Hoffman, E.L.(2024).Positive Psychology: The Science of Happiness and Flourishing. (4<sup>th</sup> ed.). Sage.
- 2. Dalai Lama and Howard C. Cutler. (1998) The Art of Happiness. NewYork, Riverhead Books.
- 3. Richard, M. (2007) Happiness: A guide to developing life's most important skill. Atlantic Books.
- 4. Csikszentmihalyi, M. (2002). Flow: The Psychology of Happiness. Rider & Co.
- 5. Seligman, M.(2017). Authentic Happiness. Nicholas Brealey Publishing.
- 6. Compton, W.C., Hoffman, E.L.(2024).Positive Psychology: The Science of Happiness and Flourishing. (4<sup>th</sup> ed.). Sage.
- 7. Haidt, J.(2021). The Happiness Hypothesis: Ten Ways to Find Happiness and Meaning in Life. Random House Business.

# DISSERATION As Part of B.A. (Honours with Research)

#### SEMESTERWISE BREAK-UP OF DISSERTATION/ RESEARCH WORK/ TABLE 09

SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	COURSE CODE	CREDIT DISTRIBUTION
VII	RESEARCH METHODS IN	BPYR-7401	3L+1P
	PSYCHOLOGY		
VIII	DISSERTATION WORK	BPYR-8801	2T+6P

#### BPYR-7401: RESEARCH METHODS IN PSYCHOLOGY CREDIT HOURS: 04 (3L+1P)

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE:** to familiarize students with:

- 1. Goals and types of scientific research.
- 2. The importance of ethics in conducting research.
- 3. The fundamental aspects of scientific research writing.

**COURSE OUTCOME:** By the end of the course, the students should be able to appreciate/display:

1. The respective importance of experimental and phenomenological traditions of conducting psychological research.

#### **MODULE-I: INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH IN PSYCHOLOGY**

15 hours

Goals of Scientific Research; Description, Prediction, Explanation, Application, The Scientific method; , Reporting, Concepts, Instruments, Measurements, Hypotheses, Types of study; Quantitative Vs Qualitative studies

Ethical Issues in Research: APA Ethic Code, Informed Consent, CONFIDENTIALITY, Debriefing, Putting ethics into practice, Publication Ethics, Ethical Boundaries, Boundary Crossing and Violations in Research

#### **MODULE-II: DESCRIPTIVE METHODS**

13 hours

Observation: sampling behaviour, classification of observational methods, recording & analysing observational data, Archival Research, Case Studies

Survey Research; Use of survey methods, Sampling techniques, Survey-research design Focused Group Discussions.

#### **MODULE-III: EXPERIMENTAL & QUASI EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN**

17 hours

Design notations, A schematic Overview of different types of Design, Types of Validity, Concept of Control, Independent Group Design, Random Group Design, Block Randomization, Factorial Design

Quasi-experimental methods: The Principal Difference between Quasi-Experiments and True Experiments, Non-Equivalent Control Group Design, Sources of Invalidity in the Non-Equivalent Control Group Design, Issues of External Validity,

- Shaughnessy, J.J., Zechmeister, E. B., Zechmeister, J.S., (2009). Research Methods in Psychology. (8<sup>th</sup> Ed.) New York. McGraw Hill
- 2. Howitt, D., Crammer, D., (2011). Introduction to Research Methods in Psychology. (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.). London. Pearson Education Ltd.
- 3. Cozby, P.C., Bates, S.C. (2018). Methods in Behavioural Research. (13<sup>th</sup> Ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. White, T.L., McBurney, D.H., (2013). Research Methods.(9<sup>th</sup> Ed.).Wadsworth Cengage Learning

- 5. Price, P. C., Jhangiani, R. (2013). Research methods in Psychology: Core Concepts and Skills. (1st Ed.)http://www.saylor.org/site/textbooks/
- 6. Privitera, G.J. (2014). *Research Methods for Behavioural Sciences*. Thousand Oak, California: Sage Publication
- 7. Dyer, C. (2001) *Research in Psychology: A Practical Guide to Research Methodology and Statistics (2nd Ed.)* Oxford: Blackwell Publishers
- 8. Neuman, W.L. (2014). Social Research Methods: qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. (7<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 9. Trochim, W.M.K. (2003). Research Methods. (2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.). Dreamtech Press.
- 10. Lune, H., Berg, B.L. (2018). Qualitative Research Methods for the Social Sciences. (9<sup>th</sup> Ed.). Pearson Education India.
- 11. Belhekar, V.M. (2016). Statistics for Psychology Using R. (1<sup>st</sup> Ed.). Sage Publications India Private Limited.
- 12. Morling, B. (2017). Research Methods in Psychology: Evaluating a World of Information. (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed.). W W Norton & Co Inc.

# COURSES (In lieu of Dissertation work) AS PART OF B.A.(HONOURS)

### SEMESTER WISE BREAKUP OF COURSES (IN LIEU OF DISSERTATION WORK) REQUIRED FOR B.A. (HONOURS)/ TABLE 09

SI. No.	Semester	Course Title	Course Code	Credit Distribution
1	7 <sup>th</sup>	Research Methods in Psychology	BPYI-7401*	3L+1P
2	8 <sup>th</sup>	Field Work/Project Work/Internship/Course work	BPYI-8801**	1T+3P

<sup>\*</sup>the Syllabus for BPYI-7401 is same as that of BPYR-7401.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Rules and requirements for Field work/Project work will be framed in the DMC and notified by the respective teacher who are assigned the role of Fieldwork/Project work Coordinators against each student at the beginning of the semester.

## **THANK YOU**